BEGIN —— JUNE 21, 1961

30.24-1007

A60 (400)

SECOND NIGHT LEAD RUSSIAN

3024

BY REINHOLD G. ENSZ

MOSCOW, JUNE 21 (AP)-NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV USED AN OBSERVANCE OF RUSSIA'S "GREAT PATRIOTIC WAR" ANNIVERSARY TODAY TO ISSUE THREATS; 1. TO SIGN A SEPARATE PEACE TREATY WITH EAST GERMANY AND 2. TO RESUME NUCLEAR TESTS IF THE UNITED STATES DOES.

KHRUSHCHEV'S SPEECH AT A KREMLIN RALLY TOPPED A ROUND OF SPEECHES AND NEWSPAPER ARTICLES DENOUNCING THE UNITED STATES AND THE WEST ON THE EVE OF THE 20TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE NAZI INVASION OF RUSSIA.

ACCUSING THE WESTERN POWERS OF PERFIDY AND TWO-FACED POLICIES BEFORE WORLD WAR II, KHRUSHCHEV DECLARED IMPERIALIST WESTERN POWERS TILL ENTERTAIN HOPES OF "BURYING SOCIALISM."

WEARING THE MEDALLED UNIFORM OF A GENERAL, KHRUSHCHEV DECLARED TO THE CHEERING RALLY OF SOVIET LEADERS AND MILITARY MEN IN THE KREMLIN'S GRAND PALACE THAT IF RUSSIA'S WAR-TIME ALLIES CONTINUE REFUSAL TO AGREE TO A PEACE TREATY WITH BOTH GERMANYS, "WE WILL SIGN A PEACE TREATY WITH THE (EAST) GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC AT THE END OF THIS YEAR."

HIS WORDS, RAISING THE SPECTRE OF A NEW CRISIS OVER BERLIN, WERE THE MOST SPECIFIC AS TO DATE SINCE HIS VIENNA SUMMIT TALKS WITH PRESIDENT KENNEDY WHEN HE SUBMITTED MEMORANDA ON GERMANY AND NUCLEAR TESTS.

THE UNITED STATES HAS HINTED THAT IT MAY RESUME NUCLEAR TESTS UNLESS ROADBLOCKS ARE CLEARED FROM THE DEADLOCKED NEGOTIATIONS AT GENEVA.

"AS SOON AS THE UNITED STATES STARTS NUCLEAR TESTS AGAIN, THE SOVIET UNION WILL ALSO," KHRUSHCHEV DECLARED, ADDING THAT THE UNITED STATES WOULD BE TO BLAME.

"WE HAVE NOT A FEW DESIGNS AND INSTALLATIONS WHICH NEED CHECKING," HE ADDED. "THIS WILL IMPROVE THE EFFICIENCY OF OUR ATOMIC AND HYDROGEN WEAPONS, AND MAKE OUR ARMY'S WEAPONS MORE PERFECT."

THE WEST, HE SAID, STILL OPPOSES THE CONCLUSION OF AN ALL-GERMAN PEACE TREATY "AND WOULD LIKE TO TURN THE GERMAN QUETION INTO A TOUCHSTONE FOR A TEST OF STRENGTH."

HE SAID HE WOULD LIKE TO WARN ADVOCATES OF A POLICY OF "STANDING FIRM," SUCH AS CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER OF WEST GERMANY.

KHRUSHCHEV CITED APPROVINGLY A RECENT STATEMENT BY SEN. MIKE MANSFIELD, DEMOCRATIC MAJORITY LEADER IN THE U.S. SENATE, URGING A NEW APPROACH TO THE QUESTION OF BERLIN.

BUT HE SAID MANSFIELD "LOSES THE SENSE OF REALITY" WHEN HE PROPOSES THAT FREE CITY STATUS BE APPLIED NOT ONLY TO WEST BERLIN BUT ALSO TO EAST BERLIN.

EAST BERLIN, HE SAID, IS AN "INTEGRAL PART OF THE SOVEREIGN GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC. WHY FURTHER COMPLICATE THE TASK OF NORMALIZING THE SITUATION IN WEST BERLIN, DIFFICULT AS IT IS?"

THE SOVUET UNION, HE ADDED, "IS NOT EXPECTED TO AGREE TO INFRINGEMENT OF THE TERRITORIAL INTEGRITY" OF EAST GERMANY.

HIS DECLARATION CAME 18 DAYS AFTER THE VIENNA SUMMIT CONFERENCE, AT WHICH HE HANDED PRESIDENT KENNEDY A NOTE CALLING FOR A GERMAN SETTLEMENT IN 1961 AND THREATENING TO GO AHEAD WITH A SEPARATE TREATY WITH COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY IF NO AGREEMENT COULD BE REACHED WITH THE WESTERN ALLIES. NO SUCH AGREEMENT IS IN SIGHT.

"WE WANT TO SIGN THIS TREATY TOGETHER WITH ALL THE ALLIES WITH WHOM WE FOUGHT DURING THE WAR," KHRUSHCHEV SAID. "WE URGE THEM AND CALL ON THEM TO SIGN THIS TREATY. WE DO NOT THREATEN BERLIN. WE ONLY PROPOSE THE STATUS OF A FREE CITY. WE ARE NOT GOING TO LIMIT ITS CONNECTIONS WITH THE OUTER WORLD."

HE CLAIMED THAT SOVIET PROPOSALS FOR A GERMAN PEACE TREATY HAD GAINED MUCH SUPPORT IN THE WEST BUT THEIR MAIN OPPONENT WAS WEST GERMAN CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER.

SPEAKING TO ADENAUER AS THOUGH HE WAS PRESENT IN THE GRAND KREMLIN PALACE, KHRUSHCHEV SAID:

"I WARN THAT THE SOVIET UNION STANDS FIRM. IF YOU FORGET THE LESSONS OF HISTORY. . . IT WILL BE SUICIDE FOR YOU AND YOUR PEOPLE."

HE SAID THIS SHOULD BE UNDERSTOOD NOT AS A THREAT BUT AS A CALL FOR COMMON SENSE.

HARKING BACK TO PREWAR DAYS, KHRUSHCHEV DESCRIBED THE MUNICH PACT AS A SHAMEFUL PAGE IN WESTERN HISTORY AND SAID "THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT UNDERSTOOD THE TREACHERY OF THE WESTERN GOVERNMENTS WHO WANTED TO HELP HITLER DESTROY THE SOVIET UNION." THAT IS WHY THE SOVIET UNION SIGNED A NONAGGRESSION PACT IN 1939 WITH HITLER'S GERMANY, HE DECLARED. (BRITAIN AND FRANCE SIGNED THE MUNICH PACT WITH HITLER IN 1938, PAVING THE WAY FOR THE NAZI TAKEOVER OF CZECHOSLOVAKIA.)

KHRUSHCHEV SPOKE UNEXPECTEDLY AFTER SPEAKER UPON SPEAKER HAILED HIM AS THE ORGANIZER OF VICTORY IN WORLD WAR II.

MARSHAL RODION Y. MALINOVSKY, THE SOVIET DEFENSE MINISTER, TOLD THE RALLY THAT WEST GERMAN MILITARISM--"REVIVED BY THE SAME AMERICAN, BRITISH AND FRENCH CIRCLES WHICH HELPED IT TO RISE TO ITS FEET AFTER THE FIRST WORLD WAR"--IS A GREAT THREAT TO PEACE.

MALINOVSKY COMPLAINED THAT PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S ADMINISTRATION "SO FAR IS CARRYING ON THE OLD POLICY." BUT HE TOLD THE GATHERING JOINT EFFORTS OF THE WORLD SOCIALIST (COMMUNIST) CAMP GUARANTEE THAT "WAR NOW IS NOT FATALLY INEVITABLE."

IT WAS JUNE 22, 1941, THAT NAZI PANZER COLUMNS SHREDDED THE MOSCOW-BERLIN NONAGGRESSION PACT AND CRUNCHED EASTWARD IN A BLITZKREIG CAMPAIGN THAT SWIFTLY OVERRAN MINSK, SMOLENSK, KIEV, KHARKOV AND OREL.

BUT THE GERMANS WERE OVER-EXTENDED AND IN DEEP TROUBLE LESS THAN 18 MONTHS LATER. A WHOLE NAZI ARMY WAS BESEIGED AT STALINGRAD. RUSSIAN COMMANDERS ON THE SOUTHERN FRONT, WITH KHRUSHCHEV IN THEIR COUNCILS AS A POLITICAL COMMISSAR, TURNED THE TIDE WITH THE SURRENDER OF THAT GERMAN ARMY ON JAN. 31, 1943. A TASS COMMENTARY TODAY REITERATED KHRUSHCHEV'S CALL FOR A GERMAN PEACE TREATY AND CONVERSION OF WEST BERLIN INTO A DEMILITARIZED FREE CITY.

"TODAY, 20 YEARS AFTER," THE SOVIET NEWS AGENCY SAID, "THE SOVIET UNION...PROPOSES FINALLY TO DO AWAY WITH EHT REMNANTS OF THE PAST WAR, TO NORMALIZE THE SITUATION IN EUROPE, TO SIGN A PEACE TREATY WITH GERMANY AND TO TURN WEST BERLIN INTO A FREE CITY.

"EVERY IMPARTIAL PERSON MUST AGREE IT IS IMPOSSIBLE INDEED TO GO ON DELAYING A PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT IN THE HEART OF EUROPE....THE BONN REVENGE SEEKERS AND MILITARISTS ARE AGAIN SABER RATTLING, DEMANDING NUCLEAR BOMBS, AGAIN THREATENING PEACE-LOVING PEOPLE."

THERE WAS A BLAST AT THE UNITED STATES IN THE MILITARY NEWSPAPER RED STAR. MARSHAL F.I. GOLIKOV WROTE THAT AMERICAN IMPERIALISM IS THE SHOCK FORCE OF REACTION AND AGGRESSION.

"THE UNITED STATES IMPERIALISTS AND THEIR NATO PARTNERS, DISREGARDING THE INSTRUCTIVE LESSIONS OF HISTORY, STILL SEEK TO CREATE HOT BEDS OF TENSION IN VARIOUS PARTS OF THE WORLD," HE SAID.

FORMER PRESIDENT HARRY S. TRUMAN ALSO WAS DRAWN IN.

RED STAR QUOTED TRUMAN AS HAVING SAID THAT "IF WE SEE GERMANY IS WINNING WE SHOULD HELP RUSSIA, AND IF RUSSIA IS WINNING WE SHOULD HELP GERMANY AND THUS LET THEM KILL EACH OTHER AS MUCH AS POSSIBLE."

DB&KL341PED

NIGHT LEAD NUCLEAR (SEPARATE)

A49

BY STANLEY JOHNSON

MOSCOW, JUNE 21 (AP)-PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV TODAY THREATENED IMMEDIATE RESUMPTION OF SOVIET NUCLEAR TESTS IF THE UNITED STATES DISCARDS THE PRESENT UNCONTROLLED MORATORIUM ON NUCLEAR EXPERIMENTS.

"AS SOON AS THE UNITED STATES STARTS NUCLEAR TESTS AGAIN, THE SOVIET

UNION WILL START TESTING ITS OWN NUCLEAR WEAPONS," KHRUSHCHEV TOLD A RALLY AT THE KREMLIN ON THE EVE OF THE 20TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE NAZI INVASION OF RUSSIA.

"QUITE A FEW DEVICES REQUIRING PRACTICAL TESTING HAVE BEEN DEVELOPED IN THE SOVIET UNION," HE ADDED. "THIS WILL IMPROVE THE EFFICIENCY OF OUR ATOMIC AND HYDROGEN WEAPONS AND MAKE OUR ARMY'S WEAPONS MORE PERFECT."

THE UNITED STATES WOULD BE FULLY TO BLAME, HE SAID, IF THE RUSSIANS BEGAN SETTING OFF TEST EXPLOSIONS.

IN EFFECT KHRUSHCHEV REPLIED TO A U.S. NOTE DELIVERED LAST SATURDAY BLAMING THE SOVIET UNION FOR THE DEADLOCK IN THE NEARLY THREE YEARS OF NEGOTIATIONS AT GENEVA AND HINTING THAT THE UNITED STATES MAY RENOUNCE THE MORATORIUM THAT WENT INTO EFFECT AT THE START OF THE NEGOTIATIONS IN OCTOBER, 1958.

THE AMERICAN NOTE SAID THE UNITED STATES FOR NEARLY THREE YEARS "HAS BEEN WILLING TO ASSUME THE RISK OF NOT TESTING NUCLEAR WEAPONS WITHOUT THE CERTAINTY THAT THE SOVIET UNION HAS LIKEWISE STOPPED ITS TESTING. THE NATIONAL SECURITY AND DEFENSES OF THE FREE WORLD DO NOT ALLOW THIS RISK TO BE ASSUMED INDEFINITELY."

AMERICAN OFFICIALS IN WASHINGTON REFUSED TO SAY, HOWEVER, THAT PRESIDENT KENNEDY HAD REACHED A DECISION TO RENOUNCE THE VOLUNTARY MORATORIUM.

THE NEGOTIATIONS HAVE DEADLOCKED OVER THE SOVIET DEMAND THAT CONTROL MACHINERY BE HEADED BY A THREE-MAN EXECUTIVE WITH A BUILT-IN VETO.

ARTHUR H. DEAN, THE CHIEF U.S. NEGOTIATOR AT GENEVA, WAS CALLED HOME TUESDAY FOR CONSULTATIONS, AND STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS SAID IT WAS AN OPEN QUESTION WHETHER HE WOULD RETURN.

KHRUSHCHEV'S SPEECH FOLLOWED THE LINE OF HIS MEMORANDUM ON THE NUCLEAR TEST QUESTION THAT HE HANDED TO PRESIDENT KENNEDY AT THEIR SUMMIT TALKS IN VIENNA.

HE AGAIN PROPOSED THAT THE NUCLEAR TESTS NEGOTIATIONS BE MERGED WITH DISARMAMENT NEGOTIATIONS SUPPOSED TO START IN GENEVA ON JULY 31.

THE SOVIET UNION AND THE UNITED STATES HAVE NOT BEEN ABLE EVEN TO AGREE UPON THE COUNTRIES THAT WOULD COMPOSE THE NEGOTIATING TEAM, HOWEVER, AND THE UNITED STATES HAS REJECTED THE PROPOSED MERGER ON THE GROUND IT WOULD ONLY COMPLICATE AND DELAY THE NUCLEAR QUESTION.

KHRUSHCHEV AGAIN DECLARED "WE ARE READY TO SIGN, EVEN TOMORROW, AN AGREEMENT ON UNIVERSAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT WITH MOST STRICT INTERNATIONAL CONTROL."

WESTERN NEGOTIATORS CLAIM THAT IN BRASS TACK TALKS, HOWEVER, THE RUSSIANS ALWAYS INSIST UPON DISARMAMENT FIRST, WITH CONTROLS TO BE APPLIED LATER--WHEN THEY MIGHT BE TOO LATE.

"WE SHALL INSIST ON OUR PROPOSALS AGAIN AND AGAIN," KHRUSHCHEV DECLARED.

DB559PED

WITH MOSCOW (140) A174

BERLIN, THURSDAY, JUNE 22 (AP)-WALTER ULBRICHT, COMMUNIST CHIEF OF EAST GERMANY, IN A MESSAGE TO SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV ON THE 20TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE NAZI INVASION OF RUSSIA, TODAY ACCUSED WEST GERMANY OF CONTINUING THE POLICY OF HITLER.

WEST GERMAN MILITARISTS, HE SAID, THREATEN ANEW TO THROW ALL NATIONS IN A MURDEROUS WAR. THE AGGRESSIVE POLICY OF THE RULING CIRCLES OF WEST GERMANY IS THE MAIN DANGER FOR THE PEOPLES OF EUROPE. ALL PEACE-LOVING FORCES HAVE THE DUTY TO FIGHT AGAINST THIS DANGER."

ULBRICHT PRAISED KHRUSHCHEV FOR DEMANDING A PEACE TREATY WITH THE TWO GERMAN STATES AND THE SOLUTION OF THE WEST BERLIN QUESTION.

"THE CONCLUSION OF A PEACE TREATY WOULD CREATE THE CONDITIONS FOR TAMING GERMAN MILITARISM, CONTRIBUTE TO BRINGING BOTH GERMAN STATES CLOSER TOGETHER AND PREPARE THE WAY FOR THE NEUTRALIZATION OF GERMANY," ULBRICHT SAID.

KS1115PED

A107 (200)

BONN, GERMANY, JUNE 21 (AP)-CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER HAS DECIDED TO VISIT WEST BERLIN JULY 12-13 DESPITE COMMUNIST OBJECTIONS, THE GOVERNMENT REPORTED TODAY.

IT WILL BE THE FIRST VISIT IN MORE THAN A YEAR AND A HALF FOR THE 85-YEAR-OLD WEST GERMAN CHANCELLOR. THE WESTERN SECTOR OF THE CITY, LYING DEEP WITHIN COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY, IS THE TARGET OF A LONG-RANGE SOVIET DIPLOMATIC OFFENSIVE AIMED AT DRIVING OUT THE WEST. ADENAUER'S DECISION IS REGARDED AS A SHOW OF SUPPORT FOR WEST BERLIN'S TIES WITH WEST GERMANY.

SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV HAS DEMANDED THAT THE PROBLEMS OF BERLIN AND GERMANY BE SOLVED BEFORE THE END OF THIS YEAR. HE WOULD HAVE WEST BERLIN TURNED INTO A DEMILITARIZED "FREE" CITY THAT NO LONGER WOULD HAVE ANY SPECIAL RELATIONS WITH THE BONN GOVERNMENT.

THE COMMUNISTS HAVE STEPPED UP THEIR PROPAGANDA AGAINST GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE CITY, WHICH THEY REGARD AS PART OF EAST GERMANY. WHEN A VISIT BY THE CHANCELLOR FIRST WAS MENTIONED, THE SOVIET UNION SAID IT WOULD MARK "A HIGH POINT IN THE PROVOCATIONS."

THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT TOOK NO NOTICE OF THE COMMUNIST OBJECTIONS IN ITS ANNOUNCEMENT THAT ADENAUER IS GOING AHEAD WITH THE VISIT. HIS SCHEDULE HAS NOT YET BEEN WORKED OUT. A GOVERNMENT SPOKESMAN SAID IT WOULD BE ANNOUNCED LATER.

P1015AED

X71WX Q

(170) PRECEDE NEW YORK DEAN

WASHINGTON, JUNE 21 (AP)-ARTHUR H. DEAN, TOP U.S. NEGOTIATOR AT THE GENEVA ATOMIC WEAPONS TEST BAN TALKS, RETURNED TO WASHINGTON TONIGHT FOR CONSULTATIONS WITH PRESIDENT KENNEDY AND OTHER HIGH OFFICIALS.

DEAN SAID HE EXPECTS TO RETURN TO THE DEADLOCKED GENEVA CONFERENCE, ALTHOUGH THE FINAL DECISION ON WHETHER HE IS TO GO BACK WILL REST WITH KENNEDY. THE STATE DEPARTMENT HINTED YESTERDAY THAT DEAN MAY NOT RETURN TO GENEVA.

DEAN EXPRESSED HOPE THAT THE SOVIETS WOULD GIVE GROUND ON POINTS WHICH THE WESTERN NEGOTIATORS SAY THEY CANNOT ACCEPT. DURING A BRIEF STOP IN NEW YORK, HE SAID THERE IS NO POSSIBILITY OF ANY CONCESSION BY THIS COUNTRY ON THE INSPECTION ISSUE.

DEAN SAID HE EXPECTS TO SPEND SEVERAL DAYS IN THE CAPITAL REVIEWING THE SITUATION. KENNEDY HAS TOLD SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV THE UNITED STATES MIGHT HAVE TO RESUME NUCLEAR TESTS IF ACCORD IS NOT REACHED AT GENEVA ON AN EFFECTIVE TEST BAN.

DEAN SAID HE BELIEVES THE WEST HAS "CONVINCED MOST OF THE WORLD OUTSIDE OF THE SOVIET UNION THAT WE WANT A TREATY."

DEAN, WHO ~~REFUSED~~ AT IDLEWILD AIRPORT EN ROUTE TO WASHINGTON, SAID HE HAD BEEN RECALLED FROM GENEVA FOR CONSULTATIONS WITH PRESIDENT KENNEDY. /pause

THE NEGOTIATOR WAS ASKED IF THE UNITED STATES HAD SET UP A TIMETABLE TO RESUME NUCLEAR TESTS IN THE EVENT THE TALKS BREAK DOWN.

HE REPLIED THIS IS "IN THE PROVINCE OF THE PRESIDENT AND I WOULD NOT WANT TO RESPASS IN THAT FIELD WHATSOEVER."

HE WAS SCHEDULED TO LEAVE FOR WASHINGTON ON BRANIFF AIR LINES FLIGHT 215 AT 5:15 P.M.

RE612PED

A67WX

NIGHT LEAD DISARMAMENT (190)

WASHINGTON, JUNE 21 (AP)-AMERICAN AND RUSSIAN DISARMAMENT NEGOTIATORS TODAY CONCLUDED THREE DAYS OF PRELIMINARY TALKS, THEN AGREED TO MEET AGAIN FRIDAY.

VELERIAN ZORIN, THE TOP SOVIET DELEGATE, SAID AFTER 4 1/2 HOURS OF CLOSED SESSIONS TODAY THAT "AN EXCHANGE OF VIEWS IS STILL GOING ON."

ZORIN SAID HE DID NOT KNOW WHEN THE TALKS WOULD END.

JOHN J. MCCLOY, THE U.S. DISARMAMENT CHIEF, DECLINED TO SAY MORE THAN "WE HAD AN EXCHANGE OF VIEWS."

30.24-1009

THE SESSIONS ARE BEING RECESSED TOMORROW SO THAT MCCLOY CAN FILL OTHER COMMITMENTS IN NEW YORK.

THE ONE-DAY RECESS GAVE BOTH SIDES A CHANCE TO STUDY THE VIEWS SET FORTH DURING THE TALKS, WHICH BEGAN MONDAY. THE MEETING IS SUPPOSED TO LAY THE GROUNDWORK FOR A MULTI-NATION GENERAL DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE TO START AROUND JULY 31.

IT WAS UNDERSTOOD THAT MCCLOY DEVOTED MOST OF THE TWO-HOUR MORNING SESSION TO EXPOUNDING THE U.S. DISARMAMENT POSITION, IN RESPONSE TO A ZORIN RESTATEMENT YESTERDAY OF SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV'S POSITION.

DURING THE 2 1/2-HOUR AFTERNOON MEETING, THE TWO NEGOTIATORS EXCHANGED COMMENTS ON MORE SPECIFIC MATTERS. WHAT SUBJECTS THEY FOCUSED ON WERE NOT DISCLOSED.

SR730PED

SOUTHAMPTON, ENGLAND, JUNE 21 (AP)-TWENTY-FIVE BAN-THE-BOMB MARCHERS, INCLUDING 16 AMERICANS, LEFT BRITAIN BY SEA TONIGHT IN A SECOND ATTEMPT TO LAND IN FRANCE AND MARCH TO MOSCOW.

THE GROUP, ALSO INCLUDING FOUR BRITONS, TWO SWEDES, A GERMAN, A NORWEGIAN AND A FINN, WAS TURNED BACK ON TRYING TO LAND AT LE HAVRE JUNE 13. g-68

NINE OF THEM, INCLUDING ROBERT KINGSLEY, 29, OF DURHAM, N.H., SWAM ASHORE. ALL BUT KINGSLEY WERE ROUNDED UP AND PUT BACK ABOARD THE SHIP FOR SOUTHAMPTION. KINGSLEY GOT TO PARIS.

THE NEW ATTEMPT WAS LED BY BRADFORD LYTTLE, 33, OF 1588 GRAND ST., NEW YORK. HE SAID THERE WAS NO INDICATION THAT FRENCH AUTHORITIES HAVE CHANGED ABOUT LETTING THEM IN.

IF REFUSED PERMISSION TO LAND, LYTTLE SAID, SOME MEMBERS WOULD JUMP INTO THE SEA AGAIN AND ATTEMPT TO GET TO PARIS.

"IF WE ARE PERMITTED TO LEAVE THE SHIP BUT NOT TO LEAVE THE LANDING STAGE, WE WILL HOLD A SITSDOWN DEMONSTRATION AND REFUSE TO LEAVE AND THEY WILL HAVE TO CARRY US BACK," LYTTLE TOLD A REPORTER.

THE 16 AMERICANS INCLUDE EIGHT WHO BEGAN MARCHING IN SAN FRANCISCO LAST DECEMBER. THESE ARE MEMBERS OF THE U.S. COMMITTEE FOR NON-VIOLENT ACTION (CNVA).

THE AMERICANS ARE: BRADFORD LYTTLE AND MILLY GILBERTSON, BOTH OF 58 GRAND ST. NEW YORK; SCOTT AND BEA NEERRICK, 129 EAST 69TH STREET, NEW YORK; EDWARD LAZAR, CANTERBURY, N.H.; GERRY LEMMANN, MOKENA, ILL.; BARTON STONE, MULLEN AVE., SAN FRANCISCO; PHILIP LEANY, 1089 ROTH AVE., ST. LOUIS; REGINA FISCHER, 560 LINCOLN PLACE, BROOKLYN; CARL MAYER, 164 W. OAK STREET, CHICAGO 10; MARTHA S. RICH, NORTH NEWTON, KANS., SUSAN HOFFMAN, 162 EAST 33RD ST., NEW YORK; DAVID RICH, TUFTONBORO, NEW HAMPSHIRE; JOHN KRUSE, 2020 BEACH STREET, CRANFORD, N.J., JULES RABIN, 14 BEFFORD ST. NEW YORK; AND RAY WISNIEWSKI, 2A HORATIO ST. NEW YORK. F-8 WDP

PARIS, JUNE 21 (AP)-ROBERT KINGSLY, PACIFIST MARCHER FROM DURHAM, N.H., WHO SWAM ASHORE FROM A SHIP LAST WEEK AGAINST THE WISHES OF THE FRENCH POLICE, HAS BEEN BENCHED BY HIW OWN TEAM. g-65

HE IS THE ONLY ONE WHO ENTERED FRANCE AFTER POLICE BARRED THE GROUP FROM LANDING AT LE HAVRE AND HAS SINCE BEEN STAYING IN THE PARIS APARTMENT OF A FRENCH SYMPATHIZER.

THE WORD THAT HE WILL NOT MARCH IN FRANCE CAME TODAY FROM THE REV. ABRAHAM J. MUSTE, 76, OF NEW YORK NATIONAL CHAIRMAN OF THE COMMITTEE FOR NON-VIOLENT ACTION.

THE MINISTER, VETERAN OF ACTIONS IN THE SOUTHWEST PACIFIC A-BOMB TESTING RANGE AND AT A MISSLE BASE SITE NEAR OMAHA, NEB., SAID IT IS AGAINST THE COMMITTEE'S POLICY TO HAVE PARTICIPANTS WHO MAY BE IN TROUBLE WITH LOCAL AUTHORITIES.

MUSTE SAID 25 OR 30 OTHER PEACE MARCHERS WILL TRY AGAIN TOMORROW TO GET OFF THE SOUTHAMPTHON-LE HAVRE FERRY.

MUSTE SAID THE FRENCH POLICE HAVE KINGSLEY'S PASSPORT, BUT APPARENTLY ARE MAKING NO EFFORT TO FIND HIM AND HE IS THEREFORE AWAITING DEVELOPMENTS.

A GROUP OF FRENCH MARCHERS WHO STARTED AT LE HAVRE HAD TROUBLE

1961

1961

IN THE PARIS AREA.

TEN WERE ARRESTED NEAR SUBURBAN SA[illegible]T GERMAN-EN-LAYE, BUT ONE--WHO STAYED FAR BEHIND SO HE WASN'T NOTICED--SUCCEED IN REACHING PARIS. THE POLICE RELEASED THE OTHERS JUST INSIDE THE CITY LIMITS, AND THEY FORMED TWO GROUPS AND STARTED OUT AGAIN, THIS TIME FROM THE ARCH OF TRIUMPH.

THE GROUPS GOT ONLY ABOUT 150 YARDS DOWN THE CROWDED CAMPS ELYSEES WHEN POLICE AGAIN ARRESTED THEM.

BF20PED

A84WX

NIGHT LEAD DILLON-ECONOMIC (210)

WAHINGTON, JUNE 21 (AP)-SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY DOUGLAS DILLON SAID TODAY HIS OPTIMISTIC FORECASTS FOR THE NATIONAL ECONOMY ARE BASED ON "CONTINUING COLD WAR TENSIONS" RATHER THAN ON ANY POSSIBLE WORSENING OF THE SITUATION OVER BERLIN.

DILLON WAS DRAWN INTO DISCUSSING BERLIN BY REP. ROBERT CHIPERFIELD, R-ILL., DURING HOUSE FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE HEARINGS ON THE FIVE-YEAR FOREIGN AID PLAN.

CHIPERFIELD ASKED WHETHER DILLON, IN PAINTING A "RAHTER ROSY PICTURE OF THE ECONOMY" IN A SPEECH YESTERDAY, HAD CONSIDERED THE "GRAVE POSSIBILITY, OR EVEN THE PROBABILITY OF BEING IN AN OUTRIGHT WAR WITH THE SOVIETS BY THE END OF THE YEAR OVER BERLIN."

DILLON REPLIED THAT A NEW BERLIN CRISIS HAD NOT ENTERED INTO HIS ECONOMIC FORECASTS BUT THAT HE HAD "ASSUMED NO IMPROVEMENT IN THE STATE OF COLD WAR TENSION."

SAYING HE REGARDED THE SITUATION OVER THE DIVIDED GERMAN CITY AS A VERY SERIOUS ONE, DILLON ADDED THAT THE RECENT EXCHANGES BETWEEN PRESIDENT KENNEDY AND SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV REVEALED "VERY DEEP DIVERGENCIES THAT ON THE SURFACE SEEM VERY DIFFICULT TO RECONCILE."

THE TREASURY SECRETARY SAID THE UNITED STATES WAS WORKING HARD WITH ITS ALLIES TO "FIND MEANS TO PROGRESS ON THIS QUESTION WITHOUT IN ANY WAY RELAXING OUR FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLE, WHICH WE CANNOT DO, TO SAFEGUARD THE FREEDOM OF THE PEOPLE OF WEST BERLIN."

SP1FCS28PED

B6WX Q

(230) FIRST LEAD FOREIGN AID

WASHINGTON, JUNE 21 (AP)-SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY DOUGLAS DILLON SAID TODAY THAT AS LONG AS THE INTERNATIONAL PAYMENTS SITUATION REQUIRES THE ADMINISTRATION'S OBJECTIVE WILL BE TO ASSURE THAT AT LEAST 50 CENTS OF EVERY FOREIGN AID DOLLAR IS SPENT ON U.S. GOODS AND SERVICES.

BUT, HE TOLD THE HOUSE FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE, THIS GOAL CANNOT BE ACHIEVED IMMEDIATELY BECAUSE OF EARLIER COMMITMENTS AND BECAUSE EMERGENCIES MIGHT REQUIRE AID IN THE FORM OF CASH GRANTS TO BE SPENT ON FOREIGN GOODS.

DILLON DESCRIBED THE ADMINISTRATION'S $4.8 BILLION AID PROGRAM AS ONE THIS COUNTRY CAN AFFORD AND WHICH WILL NOT RESULT IN FURTHER STRAINS ON THE STRENGTH OF THE AMERICAN DOLLAR.

HE SAID ALSO THAT THE PROPOSED LONG TERM INTERNATIONAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, WHICH IS UNDER HEAVY ATTACK IN CONGRESS, WOULD BE UNDER CONTINUING CONGRESSIONAL CONTROL AND SCRUTINY THROUGH QUARTERLY REPORTS ON OPERATIONS AND ANNUAL PRESENTATIONS BY STATE DEPARTMENT AND AID OFFICIALS.

HE DECLARED THAT THE AUTHORITY SOUGHT BY THE ADMINISTRATION TO TAP THE TREASURY FOR UP TO $1.6 BILLION EACH YEAR AFTER 1962 FOR FOREIGN LOANS IS ESSENTIAL TO END "INSISTENT PRESSURES FOR STOP-GAP FINANCING TO MEET CRISES WHICH COULD HAVE BEEN PREVENTED AT LESS COST BY ADEQUATE LONG RANGE PROGRAMS."

SEVERAL MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE COMMITTEE HAVE INDICATED COOLNESS TOWARD THIS IDEA.

THE ADMINISTRATION PROGRAM ALSO SEEMS TO BE IN FOR HEAVY GOING IN THE SENATE. SEN. J. WILLIAM FULBRIGHT, D-ARK., SAID THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE WILL ASK TESTIMONY FROM U.N. AMBASSADOR ADLAI STEVENSON BEFORE ACTING ON IT.

FULBRIGHT, THE COMMITTEE CHAIRMAN, SAID THAT HE AND OTHER MEMBERS "HAVE MANY RESERVATIONS" ABOUT THE PROGRAM, ESPECIALLY THE NEED FOR $1,885,000,000 IN MILITARY ARMS AID AND THE FAILURE TO CONCENTRATE ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE WHERE IT WILL DO MOST GOOD.

HE SAID SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK WILL BE INVITED TO A CLOSED SESSION NEXT WEEK--PROBABLY MONDAY--TO OFFER ANY "NEW APPROACHES" TO THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE PROGRAM.

SEN. HUBERT H. HUMPHREY, D-MINN., ASSISTANT SENATE MAJORITY LEADER, SAID IN A SEPARATE INTERVIEW HE BELIEVES RUSK WILL PRESENT NEW SUGGESTIONS TO MAKE THE PROGRAM MORE PALATABLE TO THE COMMITTEE.

HUMPHREY HAS SAID THAT UNLESS THE COUNTRY-BY-COUNTRY PROGRAMS ARE REVISED TO PROVIDE MORE MONEY TO COOPERATIVES AND TO PROJECTS BENEFITTING THE MASSES HE WILL NOT SUPPORT THE BILL.

BUT HE TOLD A REPORTER TODAY HE NOW BELIEVES RUSK "WILL BE ABLE TO GIVE US A GOOD JUSTIFICATION FOR THE PROJECTS THAT WILL BE UNDERTAKEN, SUPPLYING THE DETAILS FOR WHICH WE HAVE BEEN CRYING."

FULBRIGHT SAID STEVENSON WOULD BE INVITED TO TESTIFY AT A CLOSED SESSION UPON HIS RETURN FROM HIS CURRENT LATIN AMERICAN TOUR.

MEANWHILE SEN. WAYNE MORSE, D-ORE., ANNOUNCED HE WILL PRESS FOR AN AMENDMENT CONTINUING A CEILING OF 55 MILLION DOLLARS ANNUALLY ON THE AMOUNT OF MILITARY ASSISTANCE THAT CAN BE PROVIDED LATIN AMERICAN COUNTRIES.

JC956AED

B120CX

(250)

CHICAGO, JUNE 21 (AP)-ATTY. GEN. ROBERT KENNEDY TONIGHT APPEALED FOR A STRONG FOREIGN AID PROGRAM.

HE SAID SOME AMERICANS MIGHT CONSIDER SUCH A PROGRAM A NATIONAL SACRIFICE BUT THAT HE DOES NOT. "I REGARD IT BOTH AS A NATIONAL OBLIGATION AND AS A NATIONAL OPPORTUNITY, AS WELL AS A PROGRAM FOR OUR OWN SURVIVAL," HE SAID.

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL SPOKE AT A 20TH ANNIVERSARY DINNER OF THE JOINT DEFENSE APPEAL, WHICH RAISES FUNDS FOR THE AMERICAN JEWISH COMMITTEE AND THE ANTI-DEFAMATION LEAGUE OF B'NAI B'RITH.

HE WAS PRESENTED THE APPEAL'S HUMAN RELATIONS AWARD FOR "DISTINGUISHED AND EFFECTIVE LEADERSHIP IN THE CAUSE OF HUMAN DIGNITY AND EQUAL JUSTICE."

KENNEDY TOLD THE 1,000 PERSONS ATTENDING THE DINNER THAT A STRONG FOREIGN AID PROGRAM IS A NATIONAL OBLIGATION BECAUSE "JUST AS OTHER NATIONS HELPED US WHEN WE WERE ENGAGED 150 YEARS AGO IN THE PAINFUL STRUGGLE FOR ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, SO WE IN TURN MUST HELP THE UNDERDEVELOPED NATIONS OF OUR TIME TO ACHIEVE ECONOMIC GROWTH AND SOCIAL PROGRESS."

"IT IS A NATIONAL OPPORTUNITY," HE SAID, "BECAUSE IT ENABLES MEN AND WOMEN OF AMERICA TO ENTER INTO CREATIVE PARTNERSHIP WITH OTHER PEOPLES--TO BRING TO THEM THE BENEFITS NOT JUST OF AMERICAN TECHNOLOGY BUT OF AMERICAN VALUES AND AMERICAN IDEALS--AND TO LEARN FROM THEM THE VALUES AND TEACHINGS OF THEIR OWN CIVILIZATIONS, CIVILIZATIONS IN SOME CASES OLDER AND WISER THAN OUR OWN."

THERE HAVE BEEN MISTAKES IN THE FOREIGN AID PROGRAM AND THERE WILL BE MISTAKES IN THE FUTURE, KENNEDY SAID. "BUT, BECAUSE OF THIS PROGRAM, MILLIONS OF PEOPLE ARE FREE AND ARE DECIDING THEIR OWN DESTINIES," HE ADDED.

EC1214ACD NM

80.24-1011

EB37CD Q
(140)
CLEVELAND, JUNE 21 (AP)-INVITATIONS HAVE BEEN SENT TO 1,000 WOMEN TO ATTEND A MEETING SUNDAY AFTERNOON AT THE HOME OF MR. AND MRS. CYRUS EATON AT NEARBY NORTHFIELD TO ESTABLISH AN ORGANIZATION KNOWN AS AMERICAN WOMEN FOR WORLD PEACE AND UNDERSTANDING.
MRS. EATON, A MEMBER OF THE COMMITTEE TO ESTABLISH THE GROUP, SAID IT WAS HOPED THE ORGANIZATION WOULD BECOME NATIONWIDE.
"THESE ARE WOMEN WHO ARE DEEPLY CONCERNED OVER THE STATE OF THE WORLD," SAID THE WIFE OF THE CLEVELAND INDUSTRIALIST, "AND WHO AGREE THAT, AT THIS STAGE OF DEVELOPMENTS, WAR IS THE ONLY ENEMY."
SHE SAID INVITATIONS HAD BEEN SENT TO THE WIVES OF A NUMBER OF AMBASSADORS TO THE UNITED STATES FROM BOTH THE EAST AND WEST AND IT WAS HOPED THAT THEY WOULD ATTEND.
AMONG THE GUESTS WILL BE LADY JEAN CAMPBELL OF NEW YORK, A GRAND-DAUGHTER OF LORD BEAVERBROOK, THE LONDON PUBLISHER, AND MRS. RUTH ADAMS OF CHICAGO, ASSOCIATE EDITOR OF THE ATOMIC SCIENCE BULLETIN.
IT WAS STRESSED THAT THE EATONS WERE NOT SPONSORING THE MEETING, BUT ONLY PROVIDING A PLACE FOR IT.
T625AED NM

A112
U R G E N T
4TH NIGHT LEAD CZECH (ROUNDUP)
BY MILTON BESSER
UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., JUNE 21 (AP)-FACED WITH A THREAT OF EXPULSION UNDER U.S. IMMIGRATION LAWS, AN ACCUSED MASTER SPY FROM RED CZECHOSLOVAKIA IS GIVING UP HIS DIPLOMATIC POST HERE AND EXPECTS TO FLY HOME TOMORROW.
THE CZECHOSLOVAK MISSION INFORMED THE STATE DEPARTMENT TONIGHT OF THE DECISION TO SEND HIM HOME.
HE IS MIROSLAV NACVALAC, THIRD HIGH MAN IN THE CZECH MISSION TO THE UNITED NATIONS.
RELIABLE SOURCES CONFIRMED THAT HE PLANS TO LEAVE IDLEWILD AIRPORT AT 10 A.M. AFTER MAKING A FINAL STATEMENT.
NACVALAC AND THE RED GOVERNMENT IN PRAGUE HAD TRIED TO SIDESTEP EFFORTS FOR HIS REMOVAL. BUT THE WASHINGTON GOVERNMENT MADE KNOWN ITS DETERMINATION TODAY TO EJECT HIM WITHOUT ANY RECOURSE TO U.N. AUTHORITY AND THE GUARANTEES OF DIPLOMATIC IMMUNITY IN THE U.S.-U.N. HEADQUARTERS AGREEMENT.
A CZECH SOURCE SAID NACVALAC WOULD DEPART BY AIR FRANCE WITH A STOPOVER IN PARIS EN ROUTE TO PRAGUE.
THE UNITED STATES TODAY INVOKED ITS IMMIGRATION LAWS STRIPPING HIM OF HIS DIPLOMATIC RIGHTS TO REMAIN HERE.
IT GAVE THE DEFIANT CZECH THE CHOICE OF LEAVING THE UNITED STATES OR FACING ARREST AND DEPORTATION AS AN ILLEGAL ALIEN.
THE U.N. HEADQUARTERS AGREEMENT WITH THE UNITED STATES NORMALLY GUARANTEES THAT ACCREDITED FOREIGN DIPLOMATS MAY TRAVEL ON AMERICAN SOIL TO CARRY OUT THEIR U.N. MISSIONS, BUT THEIR MOVEMENTS MAY BE LIMITED TO CERTAIN AREAS.
THE OUSTER MOVE WAS DISCLOSED IN A BRUSQUE NOTE DELIVERED BY MESSENGER TO THE COMMUNIST CZECHOSLOVAK U.N. MISSION ON NEW YORK'S MADISON AVE.
A SPOKESMAN FOR THE CZECHOSLOVAK MISSION SAID THE U.S. NOTE WAS FORWARDED TO PRAGUE AND THAT THE MISSION WOULD AWAIT INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE ANNOUNCING ANY DECISION ON NACVALAC.
HE SAID THE INITIAL REACTION WAS TO REJECT THE NOTE, "BUT IN VIEW OF THE SERIOUS NATURE OF THE SITUATION IT WAS REFERRED TO OUR GOVERNMENT IN PRAGUE AND WE ARE EXPECTING INSTRUCTIONS."
THE SPOKESMAN ASSAILED THE U.S. MOVE AS A CIRCUMVENTION OF THE U.N.-U.S. HEADQUARTERS AGREEMENT.
IT WAS THE LATEST TURN IN THE CASE OF MIROSLAV NACVALAC, NO. 3 MAN IN THE CZECHOSLOVAK DELEGATION WHO IS ACCUSED BY THE UNITED STATES OF BEING PRAGUE'S TOP SPY IN THIS COUNTRY AND OF BEING DUPED, INCIDENTALLY, BY AN AMERICAN OF CZECH ORIGIN.

961

THE NOTE, ADDRESSED TO ZDENEK CERNIK, ACTING U.N. PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE FOR CZECHOSLOVAKIA, DECLARED THAT NACVALAC'S STATUS AS A MEMBER OF THE MISSION UNDER PROVISIONS OF U.S. IMMIGRATION LAWS "IS HEREWITH REVOKED." IT ADDED:
"THE EFFECT OF THIS REVOCATION OF STATUS IS TO PLACE MIROSLAV NACVALAC IN THE CATEGORY OF AN ALIEN ILLEGALLY IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.
"UNDER THE LAWS AND REGULATIONS OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, MIROSLAV NACVALAC MAY ELECT EITHER TO DEPART VOLUNTARILY OR, IN LIEU OF SUCH VOLUNTARY DEPARTURE, BE REMOVED."
YESTERDAY HE DENIED THE LATEST U.S. CHARGES THAT HE PAID $1,700 TO A U.S. ARMY LANGUAGE INSTRUCTOR IN MONTEREY, CALIF., FOR

TO A U.S. ARMY LANGUAGE INSTRUCTOR IN MONTEREY, CALIF., FOR
INFORMATION NACVALAC THOUGHT WAS HIGHLY SECRET. THE INSTRUCTOR, A NATURALIZED AMERICAN OF CZECH ORIGIN, WAS WORKING IN COOPERATION WITH THE FBI, THE UNITED STATES SAID.
THE STATE DEPARTMENT PRODUCED PICTURES IT SAID PROVED NACVALAC MET THE INSTRUCTOR IN SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.
PREVIOUSLY BOTH U.S. AND CZECHOSLOVAK NOTES ON THE NACVALAC CASE HAD BEEN ADDRESSED TO SECRETARY-GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD.
CZECHOSLOVAKIA ASSERTED THAT THE UNITED STATES TRIED TO LURE NACVALAC, NATTILY DRESSED 39-YEAR-OLD COUNSELLOR AT THE MISSION, INTO THE U.S. INTELLIGENCE SERVICE.
THIS WAS IN VIOLATION, CZECHOSLOVAKIA SAID, OF THE U.S.-U.N. HEADQUARTERS AGREEMENT GIVING SPECIAL RIGHTS AND PRIVILEGES, INCLUDING RECOGNITION OF DIPLOMATIC IMMUNITIES, TO MEMBERS OF MISSIONS ATTACHED TO THE UNITED NATIONS.
THE AGREEMENT PROVIDES FOR SETTING UP OF AN ARBITRATION TRIBUNAL IN THE EVENT OF DISPUTE BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND THE SECRETARY-GENERAL OVER INTERPRETATION OF THE AGREEMENT.
IT APPEARED THAT THE UNITED STATES, BY REVOKING THE DIPLOMATIC STATUS OF NACVALAC, WAS TAKING HAMMARSKJOLD OFF A TOUGH SPOT.
THE CZECH U.N. MISSION BROKE THE NACLAVAC STORY LAST FRIDAY WITH THE CLAIM THAT TWO U.S. INTELLIGENCE AGENTS--IDENTIFIED BY HIM AS "MR. HACK AND MR. JACK--" TRIED TO HIRE HIM AS A SPY DURING A LUNCHEON AT A NEW YORK RESTAURANT ON THE PREVIOUS TUESDAY.
THE UNITED STATES SENT A NOTE TO THE CZECHOSLOVAK MISSION THE NIGHT OF THE ALLEGED MEETING DEMANDING NACVALAC'S WITHDRAWAL.
THE CZECHS SAID THEY REJECTED THE NOTE, AND PROTESTED TO THE U.N. SECRETARIAT. THEY DID NOT ADDRESS ANY COMMUNICATION DIRECTLY TO HAMMARSKJOLD, SINCE THE COMMUNIST BLOC COUNTRIES NO LONGER RECOGNIZE HIM AS SECRETARY-GENERAL.
BUT HAMMARSKJOLD PERSONALLY ACKNOWLEDGED THE CZECHOSLOVAK PROTEST, AND SAID HE WOULD TAKE UP THE MATTER WITH THE U.S. DELEGATION.
IT IS AN UNPRECEDENTED CASE--THE FIRST TIME THE UNITED STATES HAS SOUGHT RECALL OF A DIPLOMAT ATTACHED TO A U.N. MISSION. PREVIOUSLY, THE UNITED STATES HAD SUCCESSFULLY DEMANDED WITHDRAWAL OF SOVIET U.N. SECRETARIAL EMPLOYES SUSPECTED OF ESPIONAGE ACTIVITIES.
DB514PED

NEW YORK, JUNE 21 (AP)-DR. ROBERT SOBLEN, ON TRIAL FOR HIS LIFE, TODAY HEARD HIS OWN BROTHER BRAND HIM A WARTIME FELLOW-SPY FOR SOVIET RUSSIA, WHO REFUSED TO COME CLEAN WITH THE GOVERNMENT THAT GRANTED THEM BOTH A HAVEN.

JACK SOBLE, 57, NOW SERVING SEVEN YEARS IN A FEDERAL PRISON FOR HIS OWN ESPIONAGE AGAINST THE UNITED STATES, BECAME EMOTIONAL DURING A DRAMATIC COURTROOM CONFRONTATION WITH HIS ELDER BROTHER, DR. SOBLEN.

SOBLE'S OUTBURST CAME AFTER A SERIES OF INTERRUPTIONS BY DEFENSE COUNSEL JOSEPH BRILL. HALF RISING FROM THE WITNESS CHAIR IN FEDERAL COURT, SOBLE SHOUTED AT BRILL:

"YOU SEE I CAN BE VERY CALM BUT I CAN FIGHT BACK TOO, BECAUSE FOR ME IT IS A PERSONAL TRAGEDY TO SIT HERE WITH A BROTHER--WITH ME IT IS NOT A CASE OF PUBLICITY.

"I WANT TO MAKE IT CLEAR THAT FOR 4 1/2 YEARS I HAVE BEEN BEGGING HIM TO TELL THE TRUTH."

IT WAS ABOUT 4 1/2 YEARS AGO THAT SOBLE WAS ARRESTED ON SPY CHARGES. HE PLEADED GUILTY AND WAS SENTENCED TO SEVEN YEARS IN FEDERAL PRISON. HE WAS RETURNED HERE AS THE FIRST GOVERNMENT WITNESS AGAINST DR. SOBLEN, A 60-YEAR-OLD SPYCHIATRIST.

THE BROTHERS WHO SPELL THEIR NAMES DIFFERENTLY, GLANCED FREQUENTLY AT ONE ANOTHER AS SOBLE TESTIFIED. THEYLOOK SOMEWHAT ALIKE, BOTH TALL, GUANT, BALDING AND SHARP-EYED.

DR. SOBLEN WAS ARRESTED LAST NOV. 29 AND ACCUSED OF WARTIME ESPIONAGE WITH HIS YOUNGER BROTHER. HIS TRIAL OPENED MONDAY. CONVICTION CARRIES A MAXIMUM SENTENCE OF DEATH, ALTHOUGH THE DEFENSE SAYS DR.SOBLEN ALREADY IS DYING OF LEUKEMIA.

SOBLE TOLD A JURY OF 10 MEN AND TWO WOMEN THAT HE AND HIS BROTHER WERE ACTIVE WITHIN THE COMMUNIST PARTY IN EUROPE IN THE 1920'S AND 1930'S.

THE WITNESS TESTIFIED HE SERVED AS A SOVIET AGENT IN EUROPE UNTIL 1940 WHEN HE WAS SUMMONED TO MOSCOW BY THE LATE LAVRENTI P. BERIA, THEN HEAD OF SOVIET SECRET POLICE UNDER STALIN.

SOBLE SAID BERIA DIRECTED THAT HE AND HIS BROTHER GO TO THE U.S. "AND WORK FOR US, GATHERING WHATEVER INFORMATION YOU CAN THAT WOULD BE OF VALUE TO RUSSIA."

IN RETURN, SOBLE SAID, BERIA PROMISED THAT THE FAMILY OF BOTH MEN WOULD BE ALLOWED TO ACCOMPANY THEM OUT OF THEIR NATIVE LITHUANIA.

SOBLE SAID HIS BROTHER RECOUNTED THAT THE SAME PROPOSITION WAS PUT TO HIM.

ACCORDINGLY, SOBLE'S TESTIMONY CONTINED, THE FAMILY MADE ITS WAY TO THE U.S. BY WAY OF SHANGHAI IN 1941 AND IN NEW YORK, THE BROTHERS GOT IN TOUCH WITH VASSILI ZUBLIN, DESCRIBED BY THE FBI AS A ONETIME SOVIET SPY IN THIS COUNTRY.

ZUBLIN REMINDED THE BROTHERS OF THEIR BARGAIN WITH BERIA, SOBLE SAID, AND GAVE THEM THE FIRST OF THEIR ESPIONAGE ASSIGNMENTS. DR. SOBLEN, THE WITNESS ADDED, WAS ASSIGNED TO WORK WITH ZUBLIN'S WIFE, ELIZABETH, WHO WENT UNDER THE CODE NAME OF "HELEN."

THE BROTHERS BECAME NATURALIZED AMERICAN CITIZENS IN 1947.

RE712PED
A30WX
U R G E N T
YELLIN

WASHINGTON, JUNE 21 (AP)-A $3,800 GOVERNMENT FELLOWSHIP TO EDWARD YELLIN, A GRADUATE STUDENT PREVIOUSLY CONVICTED OF CONTEMPT OF CONGRESS, HAS BEEN REVOKED.

REP. OVERTON BROOKS, D-LA., CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE SPACE COMMITTEE, DISCLOSED THE ACTION TODAY BY DR. ALAN WATERMAN, DIRECTOR OF THE NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION THAT MADE THE GRANT.

BROOKS, WHO HAD URGED WATERMAN TO REVOKE THE FELLOWSHIP, SAID WATERMAN SENT THIS TELEGRAM TO YELLIN AT THE UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS:

"WE REGRET TO ADVISE YOU THAT AFTER A FULL REVIEW OF ALL FACTS IN YOUR SITUATION, INCLUDING THE POSSIBILITY THAT YOU MAY NOT BE ABLE TO PURSUE YOUR STUDIES WITHOUT INTERRUPTION DURING THE FELLOWSHIP TENURE, THE PRESENT FELLOWSHIP AWARD MADE TO YOU ON MARCH 15 FOR THE YEAR 1961-62 IS REVOKED."

IN CHAMPAIGN, ILL., YELLIN DECLINED COMMENT ON THE REVOCATION.

BUT HE SAID HE PLANS TO CONTINUE HIS STUDIES AT THE UNIVERSITY AND INDICATED LOSS OF THE GOVERNMENT FELLOWSHIP MIGHT PROLONG HIS STUDIES.

YELLIN HAS COMPLETED TWO YEARS OF GRADUATE STUDY UNDER A FORD FOUNDATION FELLOWSHIP FOR ENGINEERING INTERNES. HIS FIELD IS MECHANICAL ENGINEERING.

UNDER OPTIMUM CONDITIONS, HE TOLD A NEWSMAN, HE WOULD HAVE FINISHED HIS DOCTORAL STUDIES IN TWO MORE YEARS.

YELLIN, 33, IS THE FATHER OF THREE.

SOME TIME AFTER BROOKS' DISCLOSURE, THE NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION MADE A FORMAL ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE ACTION. THIS SAID THE REVOCATION WAS DECIDED ON IN A CONSULTATION MONDAY OF DR. WATERMAN AND MEMBERS OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE NATIONAL SCIENCE BOARD, 24-MEMBER POLICY MAKING BODY OF THE FOUNDATION.

YELLIN WAS CALLED BEFORE A HOUSE SUBCOMMITTEE ON UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES AT GARY, IND., IN 1958. HE REFUSED, CITING THE FREE SPEECH PROVISIONS OF THE FIRST AMENDMENT, TO ANSWER WHEN ASKED IF HE WERE A COMMUNIST.

YELLIN LATER WAS CITED FOR CONTEMPT OF CONGRESS AND IN 1960 CONVICTED IN FEDERAL COURT AT HAMMOND, IND. HIS CONVICTION WAS UPHELD BY THE CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS AND NOW IS PENDING BEFORE THE SUPREME COURT.

HIS STENCE. HELD IN ABEYANCE. IS A YEAR IN PRISON AND A FINE

30.24-1013

OF $250. THIS APPARENTLY IS WHAT WATERMAN REFERRED TO WHEN HE SAID THERE WAS A POSSIBILITY YELLIN WOULD NOT BE ABLE TO PURSUE HIS STUDIES.

THE COMMITTEE ON UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES SUBPOENAED WATERMAN LAST FRIDAY AT THE SAME TIME HE WAS INVITED TO TESTIFY BEFORE THE SPACE COMMITTEE, WHICH HAS JURISDICTION OVER THE NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION.

WATERMAN'S SESSION WITH THE COMMITTEE ON UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES WAS HELD BEHIND CLOSED DOORS.

IN THE SPACE COMMITTEE'S OPEN SESSION, WATERMAN TESTIFIED THAT HE DID NOT KNOW OF YELLIN'S CONVICTION AT THE TIME THE FELLOWSHIP WAS AWARDED TO HIM IN MARCH OF THIS YEAR.

BUT WATERMAN ALSO SAID THE LAW PROVIDES FOR JUDGING APPLICATIONS SOLELY ON THE BASIS OF SCIENTIFIC ABILITY. IN REPLY TO QUESTIONS HE TOOK THE POSITION THAT YELLIN WOULD HAVE BEEN ENTITLED TO THE FELLOWSHIP EVEN IF THE FACTS HAD BEEN KNOWN ABOUT HIS CONVICTION.

BROOKS AND REP. FRANCIS E. WALTER, CHAIRMAN OF THE COMMITTEE ON UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES, BOTH URGED WATERMAN TO RESCIND THE FELLOWSHIP.

THE FELLOWSHIP APPLICATION REQUIRED YELLIN TO SUBMIT A NON-COMMUNIST AFFIDAVIT AND AN OATH OF ALLEGIANCE, WHICH HE DID. WATERMAN SAID PREVIOUSLY THESE HAD BEEN REFERRED TO THE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT FOR POSSIBLE PERJURY ACTION. HE TOOK THE POSITION THAT UNLESS PERJURY WAS PROVEN YELLIN HAD FULFILLED ALL THE REQUIREMENT OF THE LAW.

BROOKS, IN ANNOUNCING THE REVOCATION TODAY, SAID WATERMAN HAD CONSULTED WITH MEMBERS OF THE FOUNDATION'S EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE ABOUT THE CASE BEFORE TAKING THE ACTION. THE COMMITTEE INCLUDES A NUMBER OF EMINENT SCIENTISTS

WALTER EXPRESSED GRATIFICATION. EARLIER TODAY, HE HAD ACCUSED WATERMAN OF "EVADING HIS OBVIOUS RESPONSIBILITY" FOR NOT REVOKING THE GRANT. WALTER'S STATEMENT ISSUED BEFORE THE REVOCATION WAS ANNOUNCED, SAID:

"TODAY, THE NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION KNOWS, BEYOND DOUBT, THAT YELLIN IS IDENTIFIED AS HAVING BEEN A MEMBER OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY AND ONE OF ITS COLONIZERS IN THE STEEL INDUSTRY; THAT HE FALSIFIED HIS EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND AND EMPLOYMENT RECORD IN OBTAINING EMPLOYMENT IN THAT INDUSTRY; THAT HE STANDS CONVICTED OF CONTEMPT OF CONGRESS...

"MR. WATERMAN'S CLAIM THAT HE IS POWERLESS TO CANCEL THE FELLOWSHIP BECAUSE THE LAW ESTABLISHING THE NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION STATES THAT FELLOWHSHP SELECTIONS 'SHALL BE MADE SOLELY ON THE BASIS OF ABILITY' IS RIDICULOUS."

EG&SR624PED

B49WX (SEGC)

(330) NAVY-NUCLEAR

BY FRED S. HOFFMAN

WASHINGTON, JUNE 21 (AP)-THE NAVY HAS ISSUED NEW INSTRUCTIONS THAT EMPHASIZE SAFETY PRECAUTIONS IN THE VISITS OF U.S. NUCLEAR SUBMARINES TO FOREIGN PORTS, IT WAS LEARNED TODAY.

THE ACTION CAME IN THE WAKE OF PUBLISHED REPORTS THAT U.S. ATOMIC SUBS HAD ENTERED A NUMBER OF PORTS ABROAD AGAINST THE ORDERS OF ADM. ARLEIGH A. BURKE, CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS.

SECRETARY OF THE NAVY JOHN B. CONNALLY DID NOT TOUCH ON THIS POINT LAST WEEK WHEN HE PLEDGED THAT NO CIVILIAN, IN THIS COUNTRY OR ABROAD, AND NO NAVY MAN WOULD BE SUBJECTED TO UNDUE RISK FROM OPERATION OF ATOMIC SUBMARINES.

ASKED FOR CLARIFICATION, THE NAVY SAID "THERE HAS BEEN NO VIOLATION OF ORDERS OF ADMIRAL BURKE IN VISITS TO FOREIGN PORTS BY NUCLEAR SUBMARINES," ADDING:

"ALL CRITERIA LAID DOWN BY ADMIRAL BURKE FOR SUCH VISITS HAVE BEEN MET IN ALL INSTANCES."

OFFICIALS SAID BURKE PREVIOUSLY INSTRUCTED SUB COMMANDERS TO MAKE SURE SUCH VISITS ARE OF MILITARY OR NATIONAL NECESSITY.

THE NAVY, WITH A GROWING FLEET OF NUCLEAR UNDERSEA CRAFT, IS SENSITIVE TO ADVERSE PUBLIC SENTIMENT ABROAD WHICH MIGHT CLOSE FOREIGN PORTS TO THE SUBS.

CARRIED FAR ENOUGH, SUCH HOSTILE FEELINGS MIGHT RESULT IN AMERICAN NUCLEAR SUBS BEING LIMITED TO U.S. PORTS--A DEVELOPMENT THAT WOULD CURB THEIR EFFECTIVENESS.

THERE HAS BEEN AGITATION IN SOME COUNTRIES AGAINST VISITS BY AMERICAN ATOMIC CRAFT. OFFICIALS FEEL SOME OF THE AGITATION WAS STIRRED UP BY COMMUNISTS, BUT THAT OTHER DEMONSTRATIONS HAVE BEEN MOTIVATED BY A GENUINE CONCERN BORN OF LACK OF KNOWLEDGE ABOUT THE SAFETY PROCEDURES FOLLOWED BY THE NAVY.

THE NEW GUIDANCE ISSUED TO FLEET COMMANDS IS AIMED, THE NAVY SAID, AT CORRECTNG ANY MISCONCEPTIONS ABROAD, AS A RESULT OF THE RECENT PUBLISHED REPORTS.

THIS GUIDANCE, THE NAVY SAID, "RE-EMPHASIZES SAFETY PRECAUTIONS CURRENTLY TAKEN, THE PRIOR APPROVAL OF VISITS OBTAINED FROM FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS CONCERNED, THE NEGLIGIBLE CHANCE FOR THE RELEASE OF FISSION PRODUCTS IN EVENT OF FIRE, AND THE NAVY'S CONFIDENCE IN THE SAFETY OF SUCH VISITS."

THE NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS OF SUBMARINES ARE SHIELDED TO PREVENT ESCAPE OF RADIATION. IN EVENT OF TROUBLE, THESE PLANTS ARE GEARED TO CUT OFF AUTOMATICALLY. THE NUCLEAR REACTORS GENERALLY ARE INACTIVE WHILE A SUB IS TIED UP.

NAVY RECORDS SHOW THERE NEVER HAS BEEN A REACTOR ACCIDENT ON A U.S. NUCLEAR SUBMARINE.

JC737AED NM

BY FRED S. HOFFMAN

WASHINGTON, JUNE 21 (AP)-THE AIR FORCE WILL START PULLING OUT OF ONE BASE IN ENGLAND NEXT YEAR AND SKELETONIZE ITS OPERATIONS AT THREE OTHERS. THE FOUR BASES COST THE UNITED STATES $50 MILLION.

A PENTAGON ANNOUNCEMENT TODAY IDENTIFIED THE FIRST OF 21 OVERSEAS BASES TO BE SHUT DOWN OR SHARPLY CURTAILED OVER THE NEXT SEVERAL YEARS.

THEY ARE SCULTHORPE IN SOUTHEAST ENGLAND NEAR THE NORTH SEA, CHELVESTON IN THE MIDLANDS NORTH OF LONDON, ALCONBURY AND BRUNTINGTHORPE, BOTH IN SOUTH CENTRAL ENGLAND.

OFFICIALS SAID THE PULLOUT FROM THE FOUR ENGLISH BASES, NOW USED BY RECONNAISSANCE PLANES, IS EXPECTED TO SAVE ABOUT $9.2 MILLION A YEAR IN OPERATING COST SAVINGS WHEN THE ACTIONS ARE COMPLETED.

ALSO, SOME 7,200 U.S. MILITARY PERSONNEL NOW BASED AT THE FOUR STATIONS WILL BE FREED FOR DUTY ELSEWHERE. THE PENTAGON PLEDGED "EVERY POSSIBLE ASSISTANCE" IN FINDING NEW JOBS FOR 595 CIVILIANS--INCLUDING 70 AMERICANS--WORKING THERE.

A DEFENSE DEPARTMENT SPOKESMAN SAID THE MOVE WILL "IN NO WAY AFFECT OUR MILITARY POSTURE." HE SAID IT WAS MADE POSSIBLE BY TECHNOLOGICAL ADVANCES.

THE RECONNAISSANCE WORK NOW DONE BY AGING RB66 AIRCRAFT AT THE FOUR BASES WILL BE TAKEN OVER BY SPEEDY RF101 PLANES STATIONED IN FRANCE.

ABOUT 175 RB66S NOW USING THE FOUR FIELDS PROBABLY WILL BE RETURNED TO THE UNITED STATES FOR TRAINING AND OTHER USES, OFFICIALS SAID.

THE AIR FORCE WILL START SHUTTING DOWN OPERATIONS AT THE BRUNTINGTHORPE BASE NEXT MARCH. IT WILL BE RETURNED TO THE BRITISH.

ACTIVITIES AT CHELVESTON, SCULTHORPE AND ALCONBURY WILL BE REDUCED TO WEATHER, COMMUNICATIONS AND OTHER SUPPORT OPERATIONS TO BE HANDLED BY SMALL DETACHMENTS. THE CUTBACK WILL START AT CHELVESTON NEXT MARCH, AT SCULTHORPE NEXT JUNE AND AT ALCONBURY THREE YEARS FROM NEXT MONTH.

THIS WOULD LEAVE 12 MAJOR U.S. BASES IN BRITAIN. PENTAGON SPOKESMEN DECLINED TO SAY WHETHER ANY MORE BRITISH BASES WERE TICKETED FOR CLOSING.

HOWEVER, ANNOUNCEMENTS ARE EXPECTED ON FURTHER SHUTDOWNS OR CUTBACKS IN OPERATIONS AT OTHER OVERSEAS BASES.

THE PENTAGON SIGNALED TODAY'S ACTION ON MARCH 30 WHEN IT MADE

PUBLIC ITS INTENTION TO SHUT DOWN OR CURTAIL ACTIVITIES AT 73 BASES--52 IN THE UNITED STATES AND 21 OVERSEAS. AT THE TIME, IT WITHHELD IDNTIFICATION OF THE BASES ABROAD.

PE522PED

B75WX (Q)
BLAKE
WASHINGTON, JUNE 21 (AP)-MAJ. GEN. GORDON BLAKE, VICE COMMANDER OF THE PACIFIC AIR FORCE, IS BEING PROMOTED TO LIEUTENANT GENERAL AND WILL HEAD THE CONTINENTAL AIR COMMAND, THE PENTAGON DISCLOSED TONIGHT.
HE WILL REPLACE GEN. WILLIAM E. HALL IN HIS NEW POST. HALL IS RETIRING.
HEADQUARTERS OF THE CONTINENTAL AIR COMMAND HAS BEEN AT MITCHEL AIR FORCE BASE, NEW YORK, BUT IS IN THE PROCESS OF BEING MOVED TO ROBBINS AIR FORCE BASE, GA.
THE PENTAGON SAID THE DATE FOR BLAKE TO TAKE OVER HIS NEW DUTIES HAS NOT BEEN DISCLOSED, AND IT IS UNCERTAIN WHETHER HE WILL REPORT TO MITCHEL OR ORBBINS AFB.

EG1039PED

BY ELTON C. FAY
WASHINGTON, JUNE 21 (AP)-PRESIDENT KENNEDY HAS THE PENTAGON'S RECOMMENDATION FOR A NEW CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS, SIFTED OUT OF AN ASSESSMENT OF MORE THAN 100 POSSIBILITIES OVER A PERIOD OF FIVE MONTHS.
THIS SETS SOMETHING OF A RECORD IN SEVERAL CATEGORIES INCLUDING THE TIME DEVOTED TO PICKING THE MAN AND THE SECRECY MAINTAINED ABOUT THE CHOICE.
A WHITE HOUSE ANNOUNCEMENT IS EXPECTED WITHIN 10 DAYS, PERHAPS SOONER.
ACTUALLY A STEP BEYOND THE WHITE HOUSE ANNOUNCEMENT REMAINS. THE PRESIDENT NOMINATES A MAN, BUT THE SENATE MUST CONFIRM HIS CHOICE.
ADM. ARLEIGH A. BURKE WILL COMPLETE HIS THIRD AND FINAL TERM AS CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS ON AUG. 1. WHEN FORMER PRESIDENT DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER CHOSE BURKE HE REACHED DOWN INTO THE RANKS OF REAR ADMIRALS AND SENT BURKE UP TO THE TOP POST, PASSING OVER A LONG LINE OF POSSIBLE HEIRS TO THE JOB. EISENHOWER'S CHOICE PRESUMABLY WAS HIW OWN, AGREED TO BUT PROBABLY NOT ORIGINATED BY HIS SECRETARIES OF NAVY AND DEFENSE.
INDICATIONS ARE THAT THE METHOD OF SELECTION NOW MIGHT FOLLOW A MORE TRADITIONAL PATTERN. IF SO, IT WILL HAVE WORKED OUT SOMETHING LIKE THIS:
WHEN SECRETARY OF THE NAVY JOHN B. CONNALLY AND SECRETARY OF DEFENSE ROBERT S. MCNAMARA TOOK OFFICE LAST JANUARY THEY KNEW THAT BURKE'S TERM AS CNO AND MEMBER OF THE STRATEGY-MAKING JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF WOULD EXPIRE THIS SUMMER AND THAT A SUCCESSOR WOULD BE NEEDED.
CONNALLY WOULD HAVE HAD THE INITIAL JOB OF PICKING A MAN, WITH ONE OR MORE ALTERNATES, AND TURNING HIS RECOMMENDATIONS OVER TO MCNAMARA. MCNAMARA COULD HAVE ACCEPTED ONE OF THESE, OR ASKED FOR A NEW LIST OF NOMINEES. THE SAME CONDITIONS WOULD EXIST WHEN THE NAME WAS SENT TO THE WHITE HOUSE. BOTH KENNEDY AND CONNALLY WERE JUNIOR NAVY OFFICERS IN WORLD WAR II.
CONNALLY WOULD HAVE A LIST OF ABOUT 100 NAMES TO BEGIN WORKING WITH. THIS LIST COVERS ALL ADMIRALS, VICE ADMIRALS AND THE TOP HALF (SENIOR) REAR ADMIRALS. IT WOULD INCLUDE, OF COURSE, NAMES OF A NUMBER OF OFFICERS MENTIONED IN SPECULATION DURING RECENT WEEKS.
AMONG THESE HAVE BEEN THE VICE CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS, ADM. JAMES S. RUSSELL; ADM. CHARLES R. ("CAT") BROWN, COMMANDER OF ALLIES FORCES IN SOUTHERN EUROPE; VICE ADM. GEORGE W. ANDERSON, 6TH FLEET COMMANDER; THE COMMANDERS OF THE ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC FLEETS, ADMIRALS ROBERT L. DENNISON AND HARRY D. FELT, RESPECTIVELY, ADM. HAROLD P. SMITH, COMMANDING NAVAL FORCES IN EUROPE, AND OTHERS.
CONNALLY'S FIRST TASK WOULD HAVE BEEN TO DECIDE THE KIND OF MAN NEEDED--SHOULD HE BE IN THE OLDER AGE BRACKET, OR A YOUNGER FLAG OFFICER; SHOULD HE BE BY EXPERIENCE A NAVAL AVIATOR, A SUBMARINER, A DESTROYER-CRUISER MAN.
OBVIOUSLY ANOTHER FACTOR WOULD NEED TO BE WEIGHED. THE MAN NOMINATED MIGHT LATER COME INTO LINE FOR CHAIRMANSHIP OF THE JCS, UNDER THE ROTATION PLAN, IF HE REMAINED FOR MORE THAN ONE TERM AS CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS.
ANOTHER PROBLEM EXISTS: PICKING A MAN WHO WILL HAVE GENERAL SUPPORT BY ALL BRANCHES OF THE NAVY, TO BE A FOCAL POINT FOR NAVY OPINION. THE NAVY, LIKE THE OTHER SERVICES, HAS ITS OWN FAMILY WRANGLES AND RIVALRY. CARRIER MEN LOOK WITH SUSPICION ON SUBMARINE-POLARIS MISSILE MEN WHO ARE GETTING MORE AND MORE NAVY ATTENTION AND BUDGET MONEY; SURFACE SHIP MEN ARE WARY OF THE OTHER TWO BRANCHES.
ON OCCASIONS IN THE PAST, THE NAVY AS A WHOLE HAS HAD RESERVATIONS ABOUT THE CHOICE OF A CNO. WHEN FORMER PRESIDENT HARRY S. TRUMAN SELECTED THE LATE ADM. FORREST SHERMAN, THE NAVY WAS NERVOUS; SHERMAN HAD WORKED CLOSELY WITH AIR FORCE GEN. LAURIS NORSTAD IN ARRIVING AT A COMPROMISE ON SERVICE UNIFICATION, WHICH THE NAVY ORIGINALLY OPPOSED.
THE NAVY SECRETARY--AND THE DEFENSE SECRETARY AND THE PRESIDENT--ALSO HAVE ANOTHER CONSIDERATION IN MAKING THEIR CHOICE. THEY MUST THINK OF THE "PUBLIC IMAGE" OF A NEW CNO--HIS PERSONALITY; HOW HE WILL DO IN APPEARANCES BEFORE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES; HOW HE WILL OPERATE IN WORKING WITH THE OTHER SERVICES THROUGH THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF.
CONNALLY HAS MET WITH VIRTUALLY EVERY ONE OF THE 109 FLAG OFFICERS, IN ONE WAY OR ANOTHER, SINCE HE CAME INTO OFFICE. HE KNEW SOME OF THEM BEFORE, AS A JUNIOR OFFICER. HE HAS EXAMINED THEIR PERSONAL BIOGRAPHIES, THEIR SERVICE RECORDS.

LT409PED

B15WX (IKEDA)
(180) SECOND LEAD IKEDA
WASHINGTON, JUNE 21 (AP)-PRESIDENT KENNEDY TODAY DECLARED THAT JAPAN IS PLAYING "A MOST IMPORTANT ROLE AT A CLIMACTIC TIME IN THE LIFE OF OUR TWO COUNTRIES AND IN THE LIFE OF THE CAUSE OF FREEDOM."
ADDRESSING HIS REMARKS TO JAPANESE PRIME MINISTER HAYATO IKEDA AT A STATE LUNCHEON, KENNEDY SAID THAT THE INFLUENCE OF THE JAPANESE PEOPLE IN ASIA AND THE PACIFIC AND THEIR FRIENDSHIP WITH THE UNITED STATES ARE "BASIC TO THE SECURITY AND PROSPERITY" OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE.
IN A TOAST TO EMPEROR HIROHITO OF JAPAN, THE PRESIDENT WELCOMED IKEDA AS A DISTINGUISHED SPOKESMAN FOR THE FREE WORLD AND AS THE LEADER OF AN OUTSTANDING NATION.
IKEDA, SPEAKING IN JAPANESE, ASSURED KENNEDY THAT "WE SHARE YOUR DETERMINATION TO PRESERVE WORLD PEACE AS WELL AS YOUR FAITH IN THE ULTIMATE TRIUMPH OF THE FREE WAY OF LIFE."
AMONG GUESTS AT THE LUNCHEON WAS FORMER PRESIDENT DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER WHO HAD CHATTED FOR ALMOST AN HOUR WITH KENNEDY.
THE JAPANESE PRIME MINISTER ARRIVED ABOUT 15 MINUTES EARLY FOR THE LUNCHEON AND IMMEDIATELY WENT INTO A SHORT CONFERENCE WITH KENNEDY AND EISENHOWER. THE SUBJECT OF THEIR TALK WAS NOT LEARNED IMMEDIATELY.
KENNEDY AND IKEDA, JOINED BY A HANDFUL OF CLOSE ADVISERS, LEFT AFTER THE LUNCH FOR A TWO-HOUR CRUISE IN THE RAIN ON THE POTOMAC RIVER ABOARD THE PRESIDENTIAL CRUISER "HONEY FITZ."
IKEDA'S WIFE, DRESSED IN TRADITIONAL MAUVE SILK KIMONO AND WHITE OBI WITH FLORAL DESIGNS, ACCOMPANIED HIM TO THE LUNCHEON. THE GUEST LIST FOR THE AFFAIR NUMBERED 62.
AMONG THE AMERICAN GUESTS WERE CHIEF JUSTICE AND MRS. EARL WARREN, SECRETARY OF STATE AND MRS. DEAN RUSK, SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY AND MRS. DOUGLAS DILLON AND SECRETARY OF COMMERCE AND MRS. LUTHER HODGES.
THIS WAS THE SECOND DAY OF IKEDA CONFERENCES WITH TOP AMERICAN OFFICIALS, WITH MORE TO COME TOMORROW.
APPARENTLY AS THE MAJOR OUTGROWTH OF KENNEDY-IKEDA CONFERENCES YESTERDAY, OFFICIALS DISCLOSED THAT THE UNITED STATES AND JAPAN HAVE AGREED TO ESTABLISH A JOINT ECONOMIC COMMITTEE AT CABINET LEVEL.
THE HIGH LEVEL COMMITTEE WOULD FUNCTION IN MUCH THE SAME MANNER AS THE PRESENT U.S.-CANADA TRADE COMMITTEE WHICH MEETS ANNUALLY ON TRADE PROBLEMS.
AMERICAN OFFICIALS CONSIDERED THE PROPOSED COMMITTEE A SYMBOL OF

80.24-1015

THE TRADE PARTNERSHIP BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND JAPAN AND AN ANSWER TO CRITICS WHO CONTEND THAT MILITARY SECURITY FORMS THE ONLY REAL TIE BETWEEN THE TWO NATIONS.

THE CANADIAN-AMERICAN GROUP BRINGS TOGETHER THE TOP FINANCIAL AND TRADE AUTHORITIES OF BOTH GOVERNMENTS TO CONSIDER THE MOST ACUTE PROBLEMS BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES.

THE JAPANESE-AMERICAN COMMITTEE WOULD PERFORM A SIMILAR ROLE.

THE UNITED STATES IS JAPAN'S TOP TRADING PARTNER AND THE UNITED STATES RANKS JAPAN SECOND ONLY TO CANADA AS THE LARGEST OUTLET FOR AMERICAN GOODS AND COMMODITIES.

THE IKEDA-KENNEDY TALKS WERE SCHEDULED TO RESUME IN A BRIEF PRIVATE MEETING BETWEEN THE TWO LEADERS PRECEDING A STATE LUNCHEON AT THE WHITE HOUSE. LUNCHEON GUESTS WERE TO INCLUDE FORMER PRESIDENT DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER AND MRS.EISENHOWER, MAKING THEIR FIRST WHITE HOUSE VISIT SINCE EISENHOWER LEFT OFFICE LAST JANUARY.

AFTER THE LUNCHEON, KENNEDY AND IKEDA WERE TO CONTINUE THEIR CONVERSATIONS DURING A TWO-HOUR CRUISE ON THE POTOMAC RIVER ABOARD THE PRESIDENTIAL CRUISER HONEY FITZ.

HIGH U.S.DIPLOMATIC OFFICIALS WERE PLEASED AT THE OUTCOME OF THE FIRST ROUND OF MEETINGS BETWEEN IKEDA AND KENNEDY.

THE TALKS WERE BUSINESSLIKE AND TO THE POINT, AND BOTH LEADERS WERE WELL-BRIEFED ON THE PROBLEMS CONFRONTING THEM, INFORMANTS SAID.

A LONG SESSION ON ECONOMIC PROBLEMS BETWEEN IKEDA AND SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK FOLLOWED THE FIRST WHITE HOUSE MEETING.

INFORMANTS SAID THAT JAPANESE OFFICIALS SAID THEY HOPED THE UNITED STATES WILL EASE TRAVEL RESTRICTIONS ON OKINAWANS SEEKING TO GO TO JAPAN.

HOWEVER, THERE APPEARED TO BE LITTLE IF ANY CHANGE IN U.S.RESISTANCE TO A JAPANESE BID TO EXTEND ITS INFLUENCE ON OKINAWA AND THE RYUKYU ISLANDS.

U.S.DEFENSE OFFICIALS ARE OPPOSED TO PERMITTING JAPAN'S FLAG TO FLY FROM SCHOOL AND OTHER GOVERNMENT BUILDINGS ON OKINAWA. STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS HAVE FAVORED MAKING THIS CONCESSION TO JAPANESE SOVEREIGNTY.

THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT ALSO WAS REPORTED STANDING FIRM AGAINST JAPANESE SCHOOL TEACHERS TAKING OVER THE TEACHING OF PRIMARY AND SECONDARY GRADES IN OKINAWA.

IKEDA ARRANGED FOR HIS FOREIGN SECRETARY, ZENTARO KOSAKA, TO MEET WITH RUSK AT THE STATE DEPARTMENT IN THE FORENOON WHILE HE MADE A CEREMONIAL APPEARANCE AT ARLINGTON NATIONAL CEMETERY TO PLACE A WREATH AT THE TOMB OF THE UNKNOWNS.

AFTER A FULL SCHEDULE OF MEETINGS, IKEDA WAS TO ATTEND A STATE DINNER WITH MRS.IKEDA GIVEN BY THE RUSKS.

PBJ06AED

A86WX

(350) NIGHT LEAD IKEDA

BY SPENCER DAVIS

WASHINGTON, JUNE 21 (AP)-PRESIDENT KENNEDY AND JAPANESE PRIME MINISTER HAYATO IKEDA WERE REPORTED TO HAVE AGREED TODAY TO ESTABLISH MORE EFFECTIVE CONSULTATION BETWEEN THEIR TWO NATIONS ON A MULTITUDE OF PROBLEMS.

AMERICAN SOURCES REPORTED THIS AFTER THE TWO LEADERS CHATTED AT A WHITE HOUSE LUNCHEON AND TALKED IN PRIVATE DURING A 1-HOUR, 52-MINUTE YACHT CRUISE IN THE RAIN DOWN A CHOPPY POTOMAC RIVER. THE TWO HAD TALKED FOR OVER TWO HOURS YESTERDAY AND WILL CONFER AGAIN TOMORROW FOR 45 MINUTES.

THE SOURCES SAID ESTABLISHMENT OF A TOP-LEVEL JOINT ECONOMIC COMMITTEE OF CABINET RANK WOULD BE ONE OUTCOME OF CLOSER CONSULTATIONS.

ANOTHER WOULD BE IN MAINTAINING CLOSE TOUCH ON THE QUESTION OF COMMUNIST CHINA'S REPRESENTATION AT THE UNITED NATIONS, THEY SAID.

ABOARD THE PRESIDENTIAL YACHT "HONEY FITZ," KENNEDY AND IKEDA MET ALONE FOR ABOUT ONE HOUR. THEN THEY EXCHANGED VIEWS FOR ABOUT 40 MINUTES WITH U. S. SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK AND JAPANESE FOREIGN MINISTER ZENTARO KOSAKA.

OFFICIALS SAID THAT BESIDE THE DISCUSSION ON CONSULTATION MACHINERY, KENNEDY AND IKEDA ALSO TALKED ABOUT PROBLEMS OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE AND THE QUESTION OF JOINT EFFORTS IN IMPROVING CONDITIONS IN THE RYUKYU ISLANDS.

A JOINT ECONOMIC AID PROGRAM WAS ONE OF THE SUBJECTS REPORTED CONSIDERED TO HELP OKINAWANS RAISE THEIR LIVING STANDARDS.

IT WAS INDICATED THAT JAPANESE EFFORTS TO OBTAIN A GREATER RECOGNITION OF ITS SOVEREIGNTY NOW IN THE RYUKYUS WERE TURNED DOWN. THE JAPANESE HAVE BEEN SEEKING ADOPTION OF THE JAPANESE PENAL CODE IN THE RYUKYUS AND OTHER MEASURES, INCLUDING A DISPLAY OF THE JAPANESE FLAG OVER PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

SOURCES SAID THE JAPANESE URGED ALSO THAT JAPAN AIRLINES BE GIVEN A ROUTE TO NEW YORK AND POINTS BEYOND. THE UNITED STATES HAS NOT AGREED TO THIS REQUEST, BUT THE MATTER IS UNDER NEGOTIATION.

THERE WAS ALSO REPORTED AN EXCHANGE ON TECHNICAL PROBLEMS INVOLVED IN SHIPPING RATES UNDER THE BUY AMERICAN AND SHIP-AMERICAN POLICY.

TODAY'S WHITE HOUSE LUNCHEON WAS ATTENDED BY MRS. IKEDA ALONG WITH FORMER PRESIDENT AND MRS. DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER.

BEFORE IKEDA WINDS UP HIS STAY HERE TOMORROW, HE WILL VISIT BOTH THE U. S. SENATE AND HOUSE AND WILL SPEAK BEFORE THE NATIONAL PRESS CLUB.

EGX42PED

A168WX

M(100) IKEDA-WREATH LAYING

WASHINGTON, JUNE 21 (AP)-JAPANESE PRIME MINISTER HAYATO IKEDA PAID TRIBUTE AT ARLINGTON NATIONAL CEMETERY IN A DRENCHING DOWNPOUR TODAY TO AMERICA'S WAR DEAD.

PARTLY SHELTERED BY AN UMBRELLA HELD BY A U.S. MILITARY AIDE, THE PRIME MINISTER PLACED A WREATH ON THE TOMB OF THE UNKNOWNS--ONE A SERVICEMAN OF WORLD WAR II IN WHICH JAPANESE AND AMERICANS FOUGHT EACH OTHER.

IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE WREATH PLACING, WITH THE LINED UP TROOPS AND HONOR GUARD SILENT AMONG THE ROLLING GREEN HILLS, THE PRIME MINISTER STOOD STIFFLY, AND THEN DID SOMETHING THAT WAS NOT IN THE PROGRAM.

HE MADE A BRIEF, DIGNIFIED JAPANESE BOW.

JC147PED

BY GARDNER L. BRIDGE

WASHINGTON, JUNE 21 (AP)-PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S RECOVERY FROM A STRAINED BACK REACHED A POINT TODAY WHERE HE WAS ABLE TO START TRYING TO WALK WITHOUT CRUTCHES.

HE MADE NO EFFORT TO RUSH THINGS, HOWEVER, AND RETURNED TO THE USE OF CRUTCHES AFTER A FEW STEPS.

THE USE OF DEEP-PENETRATING ULTRASOUND TREATMENTS ON HIS LOWER BACK WAS DISCONTINUED.

THE WHITE HOUSE HAS ANNOUNCED THE PRESIDENT WILL BE ABLE TO "CONDUCT HIS DAILY SCHEDULE" WITHOUT THE AID OF CRUTCHES STARTING TOMORROW. THAT WOULD MEAN GOING THROUGH A WHOLE DAY WITHOUT THEM.

YESTERDAY, AFTER NEARLY TWO WEEKS OF ULTRASOUND TREATMENTS, HOT PACKS AND MILD EXERCISE IN THE WHITE HOUSE SWIMMING POOL, KENNEDY WAS ABLE TO STAND WITHOUT SUPPORT WHILE WELCOMING A VISITOR.

TODAY HE STOOD AND WALKED WITHOUT CRUTCHES WHILE GREETING GUESTS AT A WHITE HOUSE LUNCHEON. THE GUESTS INCLUDED JAPANESE PRIME MINISTER HAYATO IKEDA AND MRS. IKEDA, AND FORMER PRESIDENT AND MRS. DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER.

AFTER THE LUNCHEON THE PRESIDENT USED HIS CRUTCHES AGAIN AS HE AND MRS. KENNEDY WENT OUT ONTO THE WHITE HOUSE PORCH TO BID GOODBY TO THE FIRST DEPARTING GUESTS.

IN MIDAFTERNOON KENNEDY TOOK IKEDA FOR A CRUISE ON THE POTOMAC RIVER IN THE PRESIDENTIAL YACHT, THE HONEY FITZ. PLANS FOR THE RIVER OUTING WERE FOLLOWED THROUGH D

RIVER IN THE PRESIDENTIAL YACHT, THE HONEY FITZ. PLANS FOR THE RIVER OUTING WERE FOLLOWED THROUGH DESPITE A STEADY RAIN.

KENNEDY HAS BEEN USING CRUTCHES REGULARLY SINCE JUNE 8. THAT WAS THE DAY THE WHITE HOUSE ANNOUNCED HE HAD HURT HIS BACK WHILE HELPING TO PLANT A CEREMONIAL TREE IN OTTAWA ON MAY 16.

IT ALSO WAS THE DAY HE TOOK OFF FOR A LONG WEEKEND REST IN PALM BEACH, FLA., WHERE HE WAS EXAMINED BY DR. PRESTON WADE, A NEW YORK ORTHOPEDIC SPECIALIST. WHEN HE RETURNED TO THE WHITE HOUSE FOUR DAYS LATER IT WAS NOTED THAT HE AVOIDED PLACING ANY WEIGHT ON HIS LEFT LEG AS HE WALKED WITH CRUTCHES.

THE PRESIDENT CANCELLED TWO ENGAGEMENTS IN AN EFFORT TO SPEED HIS RECOVERY. ONE WAS A SPEECH HE WAS TO HAVE GIVEN AT A MAYORS' CONFERENCE IN A DOWNTOWN HOTEL AND THE OTHER WAS A DINNER OF THE WOMEN'S NATIONAL PRESS CLUB.

YESTERDAY'S ANNOUNCEMENT THAT HE WOULD DISCARD CRUTCHES FOR THE MOST PART STARTING TOMORROW FOLLOWED AN EXAMINATION OF THE PRESIDENT BY DR. WADE, DR. JANET TRAVELL, THE WHITE HOUSE PHYSICIAN, AND CAPT. J.M. CHEFFEY, CHIEF OF ORTHOPEDICS AT THE NAVAL MEDICAL CENTER IN BETHESDA, MD.

ANDREW T. HATCHER, ASSISTANT WHITE HOUSE PRESS SECRETARY, DESCRIBED THIS AS "THE SORT OF CONSULTATION YOU HAVE WHEN YOU DISCHARGE A PATIENT."

EISENHOWER CAME AN HOUR EARLY AT KENNEDY'S REQUEST AND THE TWO CONFERRED IN THE PRESIDENT'S TOP FLOOR LIVING QUARTERS. ABOUT 15 MINUTES BEFORE THE 1 P.M. LUNCHEON THEY WERE JOINED BY PRIME MINISTER IKEDA, WHO ARRIVED IN WASHINGTON YESTERDAY FOR THREE DAYS OF CONFERENCES.

WHITE HOUSE PRESS SECRETARY PIERRE SALINGER SAID KENNEDY AND EISENHOWER DISCUSSED A NUMBER OF TOPICS, BUT HE DID NOT GO INTO DETAILS.

ON DESCENDING IN AN ELEVATOR TO THE MAIN FLOOR, KENNEDY WALKED UNAIDED, STOOD FOR TWO OR THREE MINUTES WHILE PICTURES WERE TAKEN OF THE LUNCHEON GROUP, AND THEN ESCORTED HIS GUESTS ACROSS A HALL TO THE RED ROOM AND THENCE INTO THE ADJOINING BLUE ROOM.

ONE OF THE SUBJECTS KENNEDY AND EISENHOWER DISCUSSED BEFORE LUNCH, THE WHITE HOUSE REPORTED LATER, WAS THE PRESIDENT'S VIENNA MEETING WITH SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV. KENNEDY GAVE EISENHOWER A REPORT ON THE CONVERSATIONS HE HAD WITH KHRUSHCHEV.

THE RIVER CRUISE OCCUPIED ALMOST TWO HOURS AND TOOK KENNEDY AND IKEDA ABOUT 10 MILES DOWN THE POTOMAC AND BACK.

AN AIDE SAID KENNEDY USED CRUTCHES PART OF THE TIME WHILE ON BOARD, BUT WHEN THE YACHT RETURNED TO ITS DOCK HE WALKED OFF WITHOUT THEM.

PE727PED

BY WILLIAM N. OATIS

(ADVANCE) UNITED NATIONS,,Y., JUNE 21 (AP)-A COMMITTEE OF EIGHT EXPERTS TODAY ENDORSED A PLAN TO BRING COMMUNIST COUNTRIES UP TO THEIR QUOTAS OF PROFESSIONAL U.N. JOBS.

BUT WITH THE SOVIET UNION INSISTING UPON PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV'S "TROIKA" PATTERN FOR A THREE-MAN EXECUTIVE TO REPLACE SECRETARY-GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD, THE EXPERTS DEADLOCKED ON THE BROAD PROBLEM OF HOW TO IMPROVE THE EFFICIENCY OF THE U.N. TOP EXECUTIVE MACHINERY.

THIS WAS DISCLOSED IN A 156-PAGE REPORT TO THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY--THE PRODUCT OF MORE THAN A YEAR'S STUDY.

THE COMMUNISTS HAVE BEEN COMPLAINING FOR YEARS THAT THEY HAVE BEEN SLIGHTED IN PARCELING GOOD U.N. JOBS. UNDER THE NEW PLAN THE COMMUNIST JOB QUOTA WOULD BE MET BY PUTTING EASTERN EUROPEANS INTO 110 POSTS FALLING VACANT THIS YEAR AND NEXT.

THE EXPERTS SAID THEY HAD BEEN ADVISED BY W.A.B. HAMILTON, U.N. PERSONNEL DIRECTOR, THAT HE ALREADY IS CARRYING OUT THE PLAN AND HOPES TO HAVE EVERY MEMBER COUNTRY UP TO THE QUOTA IN TWO OR, AT MOST, THREE YEARS.

HAMILTON TOLD THE COMMITTEE HE HAD EARMARKED 87 JOBS FOR THE SOVIET UNION, 17 FOR THE UKRAINE, 4 FOR WHITE RUSSIA AND 1 EACH FOR ALBNIA AND ROMANIA--PLUS 53 FOR THE UNITED STATES AND 27 FOR 24 ASIAN, AFRICAN AND LATIN-AMERICAN COUNTRIES. THE COMMITTEE RECOMMENDED THAT IF NORMAL TURNOVER CANNOT BRING ABOUT A PROPER DISTRIBUTION OF POSTS, THE RETIREMENT AGE FOR U.N. OFFICIALS SHOULD BE LOWERED FROM 60 TO 50 AND 10 OR 15 "VOLUNTARY RETIREMENTS" A YEAR SHOULD BE ENCOURAGED TO CREATE VACANCIES AT THE TOP. IT ALSO SUGGESTED THAT THE UNITED NATIONS, WHICH HAS MANY NEW MEMBER COUNTRIES, SHOULD START ON-THE-JOB TRAINING TO BENEFIT THOSE FROM WHICH "IT IS DIFFICULT TO GET CANDIDATES" FOR POSTS HERE.

THE COMMITTEE'S SOVIET MEMBER, A. A. ROSHCHIN, SAID THE OFFICIALS FROM COUNTRIES WITH TOO MANY POSTS SHOULD BE FIRED IF NECESSARY TO CREATE JOBS FOR THOSE THAT HAVE TOO FEW.

THE GROUP SPLIT THREE WAYS ON HOW TO GET MAXIMUM ECONOMY AND EFFICIENCY IN THE U.N. SECRETARIAT, A QUESTION THE ASSEMBLY POSED IN SETTING IT UP IN 1959. THIS WAS BEFORE KHRUSHCHEV'S CAMPAIGN FOR REORGANIZING THE U.N. SECRETARIAT, BUT THIS QUICKLY BECAME A MAJOR ISSUE.

ROSHCHIN WANTED TO REPLACE HAMMARSKJOLD WITH THREE MEN REPRESENTING COMMUNIST,NEUTRALIST AND WESTERN COUNTRIES.

THREE NEUTRALIST MEMBERS OF THE GROUP PROPOSED THAT HAMMARSKJOLD CHOOSE THREE NEW DEPUTY SECRETARIES-GENERAL, "TAKING INTO ACCOUNT THE MAIN POLITICAL TRENDS IN THE WORLD TODAY." POSTS NOW HELD BY HAMMARSKJOLD'S EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT, ANDREW W. CORDIER OF THE UNITED STATES AND HIS TWO UNDERSECRETARIES FOR SPECIAL POLITICAL AFFAIRS, RALPH J. BUNCHE OF THE UNITED STATES AND C. V. NARASIMHAN OF INDIA, WOULD BE ABOLISHED.

THE OTHER COMMITTEEMEN PROPOSED TO CUT HAMMARSKJOLD'S STAFF OF UNDERSECRETARIES FROM 13 TO 8 BY CONSOLIDATING SOME OF THEIR DUTIES.

THE EXPERTS DIFFERED FROM THREE PAST PRESIDENTS OF THE ASSEMBLY WHO HAD SENT THEM A REPORT ON THE SAME PROBLEM. INSTEAD OF ABOLISHING THE TWO UNDERSECRETARIES FOR SPECIAL POLITICAL AFFAIRS, THE PAST PRESIDENTS PROPOSED TO ADD THREE MORE.

THE EXPERTS WERE OF THREE MINDS ON HOW TO GUARANTEE WIDE GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRIBUTION OF U.N. JOBS, A SUBJECT THE ASSEMBLY ASSIGNED THEM IN 1960 AFTER KHRUSHCHEV PUT ON PRESSURE FOR REORGANIZING THE UNITED NATIONS.

THE PRESENT SYSTEM ENTITLES EACH OF THE 99 MEMBER COUNTRIES TO A SHARE OF THE 1,311 EXECUTIVE AND PROFESSIONAL POSTS DETERMINED BY THE SIZE OF ITS CONTRIBUTION TO THE U.N. BUDGET. THE FRENCH CHAIRMAN FAVORED THAT.

THE SOVIET COMMITTEEMAN SAID ALL THE POSTS SHOULD BE DIVIDED AMONG COMMU IST, NEUTRALIST AND WESTERN-ALLIED GROUPS OF COUNTRIES.

THE SIX OTHER EXPERTS PROPOSED THAT THE SEVEN GRADES OF JOBS BELOW THE TWO TOP LEVELS SHOULD BE DIVIDED UP ACCORDING TO A COMPLICATED POPULATION FORMULA THAT WOULD ENTITLE AFRICA, ASIA, LATIN AMERICA AND THE MIDDLE EAST TO A LARGER SHARE. EASTERN EUROPE, WESTERN EUROPE AND NORTH AMERICA WOULD GET A SMALLER SHARE. LATIN AMERICA AND THE MIDDLE EAST ALREADY ARE OVER THE PROPOSED HIGHER QUOTA.

HAMMARSKJOLD AND THE ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON ADMINISTRATIVE AND BUDGETARY QUESTIONS WILL SUBMIT THEIR RECOMMENDATIONS ON THE PROBLEM. ALL THE PROPOSALS WILL BE AN ISSUE IN THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY SESSION STARTING SEPT.19.

DB&B1210PED

B65 (G) (200)

AP FOREIGN SERVICE ADVANCE FOR WEDNESDAY PMS

(ADVANCE) HONG KONG, JUNE 21 (AP)-A MEMBER OF RED CHINA'S YOUNG COMMUNIST LEAGUE HAS PUBLICLY CONFESSED HE HAS NO REVOLUTIONARY SPIRIT AND JUST WANTS TO ENJOY LIFE.

MANY OTHER LEAGUE MEMBERS FEEL THE SAME WAY, HE SAYS. THE LEAGUE CLAIMS A NATIONWIDE MEMBERSHIP OF MORE THAN 25 MILLION.

CHANG CHEN, A NATIVE OF SHANGHAI, MADE THE CONFESSION IN A LETTER

TO THE EDITOR OF PEIPING'S CHINA YOUTH, AN OFFICIAL COMMUNIST PUBLICATION FOR YOUNG WORKERS. CHANG SAID THE REVOLUTIONARY IDEA OF DEDICATING ONE'S WHOLE LIFE TO THE CAUSE OF COMMUNISM IS OUTMODED, BEING APPLICABLE ONLY AT A TIME OF "REVOLUTIONARY WARS."

HE ACKNOWLEDGES THAT WHEN HE JOINED THE LEAGUE HE WAS NOT MENTALLY PREPARED TO ENDURE HARDSHIP. BUT "I THOUGHT IT WOULD HELP MY CAREER."

STUDENTS OF COMMUNISM HERE WERE SURPRISED BY PUBLICATION OF SUCH AN ADMISSION OF LOW MORALE IN RED CHINA. BUT MORALE OF YOUNG WORKERS THERE TODAY IS BELIEVED TO BE SO LOW THAT PUBLICATION OF THE LETTER MAY HAVE BEEN AIMED AT PERMITTING THEM TO LET OFF SOME STEAM.

CHANG SAID HE OFTEN READ BOOKS OR ARTICLES ON OUTSTANDING REVOLUTIONARIES. BUT, HE SAID, THEY ONLY INSPIRED HIM FOR SHORT PERIODS OF TIME.

"WHEN I RETURNED TO MY WORK AND EVERYDAY LIFE I JUST DIDN'T KNOW WHAT TO DO," HE ADDED.

END ADVANCE FOR WEDNESDAY PMS--MOVED JUNE 20

1961

B21 (Q) HW&B1003AED

(300)

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., JUNE 21 (AP)--INDIA CALLED TODAY FOR ESTABLISHMENT OF A TERRITORIAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL IN THE U.S.-ADMINISTERED PACIFIC ISLANDS TRUST TERRITORY BY THE END OF 1962.

C. S. JHA, INDIAN CHIEF DELEGATE, TOLD THE TRUSTEESHIP COUNCIL THAT THE ISLANDERS ARE ADVANCED ENOUGH POLITICALLY THAT THEY SHOULD NOT HAVE TO WAIT UNTIL 1965, AS SCHEDULED, TO HAVE THE LEGISLATURE FOR THIS STEP TOWARD INDEPENDENCE.

THE COUNCIL'S MEMBERS ARE SUMMING UP THEIR ATTITUDES ON THE REPORT OF A VISITING U.N. MISSION AND U.S. ANSWERS ABOUT POLITICAL AND WELFARE CONDITIONS IN THE ISLANDS.

JHA SAID HIS COUNTRY WOULD LIKE TO HEAR FROM THE UNITED STATES THAT IT DOES NOT HAVE PLANS EVER TO REPEAT NUCLEAR TESTS IN THE ISLANDS. THE UNITED STATES REFUSED TO MAKE SUCH A PROMISE. TO THE SOVIET REPRESENTATIVE LAST WEEK, BUT SAID IT HAS NO TEST PLANS NOW.

MEANTIME, JHA SAID, THE UNITED STATES SHOULD TAKE SOME ACTION TO PAY RONNGELAP ISLANDERS THEIR MONEY CLAIMS FOR RADIATION AND FALLOUT DAMAGE THEY CLAIM THEY SUFFERED IN PAST TESTS AND SHOULD TAKE EXTRA CARE TO TREAT THE ISLANDERS FOR RADIATION ILLNESS.

JHA AND DELEGATES FROM NEW ZEALAND, PARAGUAY, FRANCE AND BELGIUM GENERALLY COMPLIMENTED THE UNITED STATES ON ITS ADMINISTRATION AND SAID THEY RECOGNIZED THE PROBLEMS INVOLVED IN TRYING TO MAKE THE SCATTERED ISLANDS SELF-SUSTAINING.

P. K. EDMONDS, NEW ZEALAND, SAID HE WELCOMED STATEMENTS THAT THE UNITED STATES IS CONSIDERING PLACING THE WHOLE 700 SQUARE MILES OF ISLANDS AND SEA UNDER CIVILIAN AUTHORITY INSTEAD OF A PARTIAL ADMINISTRATION BY THE U.S. NAVY.

JACQUES KOSCZIUSKE-MORIZET OF FRANCE CALLED THE U.S. ADMINISTRATION IN THE POLITICAL FIELD TOO CAUTIOUS AND TOO PATERNAL. HE SAID A COUNTRY DEVOTED TO ANTI-COLONIALISM COULD GRANT GREATER POLITICAL POWERS TO THE PEOPLE IN THESE ISLANDS.

FS430PED

TAIPEI, FORMOSA, JUNE 21 (AP)-THE ARMED FORCES OF NATIONALIST CHINA ARE BEING TRAINED IN NUCLEAR, CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL WARFARE, LT. GEN. CHU YUAN-CHUN, DEPUTY CHIEF OF THE GENERAL STAFF FOR OPERATIONS, ANNOUNCED TODAY.

THE MILITARY AUTHORITIES, HE SAID, ATTACH GREAT IMPORTANCE TO ARMING THE NATIONALIST FORCES WITH NUCLEAR WEAPONS. CHU DID NOT SAY, HOWEVER, WHERE THEY EXPECTED TO GET SUCH WEAPONS. THEY HAVE NONE NOW.

Exh #1 JUN 21 1961

80.24-1017

B48 (250-Q) (CX FW)

NEW YORK, JUNE 21 (AP)-AN OHIO WESLEYAN PROFESSOR WENT ABOARD THE LINER UNITED STATES TODAY AND GOT A "BELATED FATHER'S DAY PRESENT"--HIS CZECH-BORN WIFE AND 10-YEAR-OLD SON.

IT WAS THE FIRST TIME IN MORE THAN FIVE YEARS THAT FRANCIS X. BRILTY, FORMER U. S. COUNTER INTELLIGENCE AGENT, HAD SEEN HIS BLONDE WIFE DANUSE, 35, AND THE BOY.

THEY WERE MARRIED IN SWITZERLAND IN 1951, AFTER MEETING WHILE BRILTY WAS WORKING AS AN INTELLIGENCE AGENT IN GERMANY AND SHE WAS EMPLOYED AT THE CZECHOSLOVAKIAN CONSULATE IN FRANKFURT.

BRILTY LATER BECAME CHIEF OF THE EDUCATION ADMINISTRATION AT THE UNITED STATES' ERDING AIRBASE IN MUNICH. WHEN HE WAS TO RETURN TO THIS COUNTRY, THE COUPLE LEARNED MRS. BRILTY COULD NOT COME BECAUSE THE U. S. CONSIDERED HER AN UNDESIRABLE ALIEN.

MRS BRILTY SAID SHE WAS NEVER OFFICIALLY ADVISED WHY SHE WAS BANNED.

BRILTY WENT TO WORK WHEN HE RETURNED AND, WITH THE HELP OF SEN. FRANK J. LAUSCHE OF OHIO, OBTAINED PERMISSION TO BRING HIS WIFE AND BOY HERE.

THEY ARRIVED SEVERAL HOURS LATE TODAY BECAUSE THE LINER HAD TO DETOUR TO PICK UP AN INJURED SEAMAN FROM ANOTHER VESSEL. AND WHEN THE UNITED STATES DOCKED, PASSENGERS HAD TO HANDLE THEIR OWN LUGGAGE BECAUSE OF A LONGSHOREMEN'S WLKOUT IN SYMPATHY WITH THE NATIONWIDE MARITIME WORKERS' STRIKE.

AS HUSBAND, WIFE AND SON EMBRACED ABOARD SHIP, A LARGE BOX OF FLOWERS LAY UNOPENED NEARBY.

THE PROFESSOR SAID IT WAS TO HIS WIFE FROM HIM, AND THE REASON IT WASN'T OPENED WAS THAT "I WANT TO HAVE SOME PRIVACY."

JE602PED

1961